

Решения

Задание 1 № 1366 тип 1

Вы два раза услышите четыре коротких диалога, обозначенных буквами А, В, С, D. Установите соответствие между диалогами и местами, где они происходят: к каждому диалогу подберите соответствующее место действия, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое место действия из списка 1–5 только один раз. В задании есть одно лишнее место действия.

Нажмите кнопку [8171.mp3](#), чтобы прослушать запись.

- 1 At a box office
- 2 At a concert
- 3 In a street
- 4 In a restaurant
- 5 At home

Диалог	A	B	C	D
Место действия				

Пояснение.

Now we are ready to start.

Dialogue A

A.: Good evening!

B.: Good evening! I've got a reservation for 7 pm. Steve Johns.

A.: Yes, certainly. It's the table near the stage. We're having live music tonight.

A.: That's great, but I asked for a table by the window.

B.: Sorry, I made a mistake. I'll ask the manager whether we can change anything in the reservation list.

A.: Thank you.

Dialogue B

A.: Hello! I'd like to buy three tickets for this Friday.

B.: There are only orchestra and balcony seats left.

A.: On the balcony then. The first row if possible.

B.: Right. There are three seats available in the centre of the first row. 20 dollars per ticket.

A.: Ok. I'll take them. Can I pay by credit card?

B.: Yes, sure.

Dialogue C

A.: So...Did you like it?

B.: Oh yes, immensely! She has a gorgeous voice. It was a delight! But it was a bit stuffy in the hall, wasn't it?

A.: Yes, that's why it's so pleasant to be outside at last. Fancy a walk? Or shall we take a taxi?

B.: Not a taxi. It's a warm evening.

A.: Let's walk through the town centre, then.

B.: Ok.

Dialogue D

A.: What're they doing? There, upstairs! Is it a karaoke contest? I can't concentrate on my studies.

B.: I'm afraid our neighbours are just having a party.

A.: It's half past 9 already. You should make them turn down the music!

B.: Could you give them another twenty minutes?

A.: All right, but no longer. Or I'll call the police myself.

You have 20 seconds to complete the task. (Pause 20 seconds.)

Now you will listen to the dialogues again. (Repeat.)

This is the end of the task. You now have 20 seconds to check your answers.

A — 4:

B.: Good evening! I've got a reservation for 7 pm. Steve Johns.

A.: Yes, certainly. It's the table near the stage. We're having live music tonight.

B — 1:

A.: Hello! I'd like to buy three tickets for this Friday.

B.: There are only orchestra and balcony seats left.

C — 3:

A.: Yes, that's why it's so pleasant to be outside at last. Fancy a walk? Or shall we take a taxi?

D — 5:

A.: What're they doing? There, upstairs! Is it a karaoke contest? I can't concentrate on my studies.

B.: I'm afraid our neighbours are just having a party.

Ответ: 4135.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 4135

Задание 2 № 997 тип 2

вы услышите пять высказываний. Установите соответствие между высказываниями каждого говорящего А–Е и утверждениями, данными в списке 1–6. Используйте каждое утверждение из списка 1–6 только один раз. В задании есть одно лишнее утверждение. вы услышите запись дважды. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу.

Нажмите кнопку [3059.mp3](#), чтобы прослушать запись.

1. The speaker explains how tourists may harm the ocean.
2. The speaker explains how to stop the pollution of the ocean.
3. The speaker describes the advantages of a beach holiday.
4. The speaker talks about problems in the fishing industry.
5. The speaker describes the diversity of sea life.
6. The speaker talks about the potential dangers of the ocean.

Говорящий	A	B	C	D	E
Утверждение					

Пояснение.

Speaker A. Lots of people find sunbathing on the beach very relaxing and every season crowds of tourists head to the seaside. Resort beaches are usually equipped with umbrellas and chairs. There are also places to play volleyball or badminton and there are different water entertainments like the banana rides, water skiing, surfing and snorkeling. If they feel hungry, tourists can buy snacks right on the beach.

Speaker B. People have always settled near the sea. The sea gives food — fish, seashells, shrimps, but there's less and less of it in the sea. Fishermen often complain that in spite of better fishing equipment they get less fish than their fathers got decades ago. Marine researchers and economists back their concern with figures — the number of saltwater fish has been reduced dramatically over the last years and the' tendency is persistent.

Speaker C. We went to Australia a couple of months ago and it was the first time I'd dived in the open ocean. It's another world — with millions of inhabitants ranging from plankton to huge whales. It's amazing, plankton is made up of hundreds of species — those little organisms can look like tiny worms, shrimps, jelly-fish or whatever. But the main tourist attraction in Australia is the Great Barrier Reef — more than 1,500 species of fish live there.

Speaker D. Most people love the sea and the sea resorts are a popular tourist destination. However, the sea we all admire may destroy our civilization or part of it. Everyone knows that the average temperature on the planet is rising, the ice-caps are melting, the level of the ocean is getting higher and soon it may cover coastal villages, cities and even whole countries. If we want to survive, we have to stop the global warming process somehow.

Speaker E. Lots of people choose seaside holidays as a way to escape from their stressful world. Tourist agencies offer different options, from ocean cruises to beach holidays. Crowds of holidaymakers eat packaged food and throw plastic cups, plates, polyethylene packages and heaps of other rubbish into the sea. The sea animals may mistake the rubbish for food and swallow it. Ingested rubbish is a frequent cause of the death of seals, turtles, and even sharks.

A–3: Resort beaches are usually equipped with umbrellas and chairs. There are also places to play volleyball or badminton and there are different water entertainments like the banana rides, water skiing, surfing and snorkeling.

B–4: Marine researchers and economists back their concern with figures — the number of saltwater fish has been reduced dramatically over the last years and the' tendency is persistent.

C–5: It's another world — with millions of inhabitants ranging from plankton to huge whales. It's amazing, plankton is made up of hundreds of species — those little organisms can look like tiny worms,

shrimps, jelly-fish or whatever

D–6: If we want to survive, we have to stop the global warming process somehow.

E–1: Crowds of holidaymakers eat packaged food and throw plastic cups, plates, polyethylene packages and heaps of other rubbish into the sea.

Ответ: 34561.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 34561

Задание 3 № 597 тип 3

Вы услышите разговор двух друзей. выберите цифру 1, 2 или 3, соответствующую выбранному вами варианту ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

Нажмите кнопку [3033.mp3](#), чтобы прослушать запись.

Tom's family is moving house because

- 1) Tom's father has to work at another place.
- 2) Tom's mother wants to move.
- 3) Tom wants to change his school.
- 4)

Пояснение.

Sandra: Hi, Tom! Are you moving house?

Tom: Hi, Sandra. Yes, we are moving this Saturday.

Sandra: It's a pity you won't be our neighbours any longer. We've got used to you.

Tom: I feel sad about it too. But we often have to move because of my father's job. My mum hates it but nothing can be done — they pay good money and dad doesn't want to change the job.

Sandra: And you'll have to go to a new school again...

Tom: Right. It's not a very pleasant experience, but I'll manage. I mix with people easily.

Sandra: Yes, you do.

Tom: What I really worry about is sports. Here I played for the best baseball team of the city. The team in my new school is much weaker. It's going to be disappointing to play for them.

Sandra: But there are probably other things there that can compensate for it.

Tom: Mum says the school is very good. They use the newest teaching technologies and the students are really bright. Most of them go straight to university after they finish school.

Sandra: That's awesome! You're planning to go to university too, aren't you?

Tom: Well, I'm not sure yet. My parents want me to go. But I feel I'm not ready yet as I simply don't know what I want to become in the future. I'm thinking about getting a job after school, preferably a job with travel opportunities. I want to see the world, gain some life experience and only then decide what I want to become. The university choice will probably become easier too.

Sandra: Right. I see your point. And how about Robby? Moving is stressful for animals. You can leave him with us if you want, at least for a while... You know we have two cats, and my brother has just brought a dozen goldfish. We know how to take care of animals.

Tom: Oh, no! Don't worry about Robby. He'll be ok. He'll suffer more if he's left without his family. And... like most dogs he hates cats...

Sandra: Oh-oh.

Tom: Yes, I'm sorry, Sandra, but I must be off now. I've promised my mum to do some shopping for her.

Sandra: Does she want some souvenirs? Something that would remind you of our town?

Tom: No, she actually wants apples, plums and oranges for the salad. My parents are having guests for dinner tonight.

Sandra: I see. Look, if you need some help with packing your books and school papers...

Tom: Thank you, Sandra, but don't worry. I've packed almost everything already. But it would be great if you joined us for tomorrow's pizza party. My friends and I are going to the new pizzeria. We are celebrating our success in the baseball game. It's the last one for me with this team...

Sandra: But it's not the last game or the last victory in your life.

Cheer up...

But we often have to move because of my father's job. My mum hates it but nothing can be done — they pay good money and dad doesn't want to change the job.

Правильный ответ указан под номером 1.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 1

Задание 4 № 598 тип 4

Вы услышите разговор двух друзей. выберите цифру 1, 2 или 3, соответствующую выбранному вами варианту ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

Нажмите кнопку [3033.mp3](#), чтобы прослушать запись.

In comparison with Tom's current school, the new school provides worse

- 1) education opportunities.
- 2) sports opportunities.
- 3) entertainment opportunities.
- 4)

Пояснение.

Sandra: Hi, Tom! Are you moving house?

Tom: Hi, Sandra. Yes, we are moving this Saturday.

Sandra: It's a pity you won't be our neighbours any longer. We've got used to you.

Tom: I feel sad about it too. But we often have to move because of my father's job. My mum hates it but nothing can be done — they pay good money and dad doesn't want to change the job.

Sandra: And you'll have to go to a new school again...

Tom: Right. It's not a very pleasant experience, but I'll manage. I mix with people easily.

Sandra: Yes, you do.

Tom: What I really worry about is sports. Here I played for the best baseball team of the city. The team in my new school is much weaker. It's going to be disappointing to play for them.

Sandra: But there are probably other things there that can compensate for it.

Tom: Mum says the school is very good. They use the newest teaching technologies and the students are really bright. Most of them go straight to university after they finish school.

Sandra: That's awesome! You're planning to go to university too, aren't you?

Tom: Well, I'm not sure yet. My parents want me to go. But I feel I'm not ready yet as I simply don't know what I want to become in the future. I'm thinking about getting a job after school, preferably a job with travel opportunities. I want to see the world, gain some life experience and only then decide what I want to become. The university choice will probably become easier too.

Sandra: Right. I see your point. And how about Robby? Moving is stressful for animals. You can leave him with us if you want, at least for a while... You know we have two cats, and my brother has just brought a dozen goldfish. We know how to take care of animals.

Tom: Oh, no! Don't worry about Robby. He'll be ok. He'll suffer more if he's left without his family. And... like most dogs he hates cats...

Sandra: Oh-oh.

Tom: Yes, I'm sorry, Sandra, but I must be off now. I've promised my mum to do some shopping for her.

Sandra: Does she want some souvenirs? Something that would remind you of our town?

Tom: No, she actually wants apples, plums and oranges for the salad. My parents are having guests for dinner tonight.

Sandra: I see. Look, if you need some help with packing your books and school papers...

Tom: Thank you, Sandra, but don't worry. I've packed almost everything already. But it would be great if you joined us for tomorrow's pizza party. My friends and I are going to the new pizzeria. We are celebrating our success in the baseball game. It's the last one for me with this team...

Sandra: But it's not the last game or the last victory in your life.

Cheer up...

Here I played for the best team in the city. The team in my school is much weaker.

Правильный ответ указан под номером 2.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 2

Задание 5 № 599 тип 5

Вы услышите разговор двух друзей. выберите цифру 1, 2 или 3, соответствующую выбранному вами варианту ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

Нажмите кнопку [3033.mp3](#), чтобы прослушать запись.

Tom

- 1) will follow his parents' advice on career choice.
- 2) has already chosen his future career.
- 3) wants to put off a career choice decision.
- 4)

Пояснение.

Sandra: Hi, Tom! Are you moving house?

Tom: Hi, Sandra. Yes, we are moving this Saturday.

Sandra: It's a pity you won't be our neighbours any longer. We've got used to you.

Tom: I feel sad about it too. But we often have to move because of my father's job. My mum hates it but nothing can be done — they pay good money and dad doesn't want to change the job.

Sandra: And you'll have to go to a new school again...

Tom: Right. It's not a very pleasant experience, but I'll manage. I mix with people easily.

Sandra: Yes, you do.

Tom: What I really worry about is sports. Here I played for the best baseball team of the city. The team in my new school is much weaker. It's going to be disappointing to play for them.

Sandra: But there are probably other things there that can compensate for it.

Tom: Mum says the school is very good. They use the newest teaching technologies and the students are really bright. Most of them go straight to university after they finish school.

Sandra: That's awesome! You're planning to go to university too, aren't you?

Tom: Well, I'm not sure yet. My parents want me to go. But I feel I'm not ready yet as I simply don't know what I want to become in the future. I'm thinking about getting a job after school, preferably a job with travel opportunities. I want to see the world, gain some life experience and only then decide what I want to become. The university choice will probably become easier too.

Sandra: Right. I see your point. And how about Robby? Moving is stressful for animals. You can leave him with us if you want, at least for a while... You know we have two cats, and my brother has just brought a dozen goldfish. We know how to take care of animals.

Tom: Oh, no! Don't worry about Robby. He'll be ok. He'll suffer more if he's left without his family. And... like most dogs he hates cats...

Sandra: Oh-oh.

Tom: Yes, I'm sorry, Sandra, but I must be off now. I've promised my mum to do some shopping for her.

Sandra: Does she want some souvenirs? Something that would remind you of our town?

Tom: No, she actually wants apples, plums and oranges for the salad. My parents are having guests for dinner tonight.

Sandra: I see. Look, if you need some help with packing your books and school papers...

Tom: Thank you, Sandra, but don't worry. I've packed almost everything already. But it would be great if you joined us for tomorrow's pizza party. My friends and I are going to the new pizzeria. We are celebrating our success in the baseball game. It's the last one for me with this team...

Sandra: But it's not the last game or the last victory in your life.

Cheer up...

I want to see the world, gain some life experience and only then decide what I want to become. The university choice will probably become easier too.

Правильный ответ указан под номером 3.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 3

Задание 6 № 600 тип 6

Вы услышите разговор двух друзей. Выберите цифру 1, 2 или 3, соответствующую выбранному вами варианту ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

Нажмите кнопку [3033.mp3](#), чтобы прослушать запись.

Robby is the name of

- 1) Tom's brother.
- 2) Tom's cat.
- 3) Tom's dog.
- 4)

Пояснение.

Sandra: Hi, Tom! Are you moving house?

Tom: Hi, Sandra. Yes, we are moving this Saturday.

Sandra: It's a pity you won't be our neighbours any longer. We've got used to you.

Tom: I feel sad about it too. But we often have to move because of my father's job. My mum hates it but nothing can be done — they pay good money and dad doesn't want to change the job.

Sandra: And you'll have to go to a new school again...

Tom: Right. It's not a very pleasant experience, but I'll manage. I mix with people easily.

Sandra: Yes, you do.

Tom: What I really worry about is sports. Here I played for the best baseball team of the city. The team in

my new school is much weaker. It's going to be disappointing to play for them.

Sandra: But there are probably other things there that can compensate for it.

Tom: Mum says the school is very good. They use the newest teaching technologies and the students are really bright. Most of them go straight to university after they finish school.

Sandra: That's awesome! You're planning to go to university too, aren't you?

Tom: Well, I'm not sure yet. My parents want me to go. But I feel I'm not ready yet as I simply don't know what I want to become in the future. I'm thinking about getting a job after school, preferably a job with travel opportunities. I want to see the world, gain some life experience and only then decide what I want to become. The university choice will probably become easier too.

Sandra: Right. I see your point. And how about Robby? Moving is stressful for animals. You can leave him with us if you want, at least for a while... You know we have two cats, and my brother has just brought a dozen goldfish. We know how to take care of animals.

Tom: Oh, no! Don't worry about Robby. He'll be ok. He'll suffer more if he's left without his family. And... like most dogs he hates cats...

Sandra: Oh-oh.

Tom: Yes, I'm sorry, Sandra, but I must be off now. I've promised my mum to do some shopping for her.

Sandra: Does she want some souvenirs? Something that would remind you of our town?

Tom: No, she actually wants apples, plums and oranges for the salad. My parents are having guests for dinner tonight.

Sandra: I see. Look, if you need some help with packing your books and school papers...

Tom: Thank you, Sandra, but don't worry. I've packed almost everything already. But it would be great if you joined us for tomorrow's pizza party. My friends and I are going to the new pizzeria. We are celebrating our success in the baseball game. It's the last one for me with this team...

Sandra: But it's not the last game or the last victory in your life.

Cheer up...

What about Robby?...like most dogs he hates cats...

Правильный ответ указан под номером 3.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 3

Задание 7 № 601 тип 7

Вы услышите разговор двух друзей. Выберите цифру 1, 2 или 3, соответствующую выбранному вами варианту ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

Нажмите кнопку [3033.mp3](#), чтобы прослушать запись.

At the moment Tom is going to the shop to buy some

- 1) pet food.
- 2) fresh fruit.
- 3) souvenirs.
- 4)

Пояснение.

Sandra: Hi, Tom! Are you moving house?

Tom: Hi, Sandra. Yes, we are moving this Saturday.

Sandra: It's a pity you won't be our neighbours any longer. We've got used to you.

Tom: I feel sad about it too. But we often have to move because of my father's job. My mum hates it but nothing can be done — they pay good money and dad doesn't want to change the job.

Sandra: And you'll have to go to a new school again...

Tom: Right. It's not a very pleasant experience, but I'll manage. I mix with people easily.

Sandra: Yes, you do.

Tom: What I really worry about is sports. Here I played for the best baseball team of the city. The team in my new school is much weaker. It's going to be disappointing to play for them.

Sandra: But there are probably other things there that can compensate for it.

Tom: Mum says the school is very good. They use the newest teaching technologies and the students are really bright. Most of them go straight to university after they finish school.

Sandra: That's awesome! You're planning to go to university too, aren't you?

Tom: Well, I'm not sure yet. My parents want me to go. But I feel I'm not ready yet as I simply don't know what I want to become in the future. I'm thinking about getting a job after school, preferably a job with travel opportunities. I want to see the world, gain some life experience and only then decide what I want to become. The university choice will probably become easier too.

Sandra: Right. I see your point. And how about Robby? Moving is stressful for animals. You can leave him with us if you want, at least for a while... You know we have two cats, and my brother has just brought a dozen goldfish. We know how to take care of animals.

Tom: Oh, no! Don't worry about Robby. He'll be ok. He'll suffer more if he's left without his family. And... like most dogs he hates cats...

Sandra: Oh-oh.

Tom: Yes, I'm sorry, Sandra, but I must be off now. I've promised my mum to do some shopping for her.

Sandra: Does she want some souvenirs? Something that would remind you of our town?

Tom: No, she actually wants apples, plums and oranges for the salad. My parents are having guests for dinner tonight.

Sandra: I see. Look, if you need some help with packing your books and school papers...

Tom: Thank you, Sandra, but don't worry. I've packed almost everything already. But it would be great if you joined us for tomorrow's pizza party. My friends and I are going to the new pizzeria. We are celebrating our success in the baseball game. It's the last one for me with this team...

Sandra: But it's not the last game or the last victory in your life.

Cheer up...

...apples,plums and oranges for the salad.

Правильный ответ указан под номером 2.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 2

Задание 8 № 602 тип 8

Вы услышите разговор двух друзей. Выберите цифру 1, 2 или 3, соответствующую выбранному вами варианту ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

Нажмите кнопку [3033.mp3](#), чтобы прослушать запись.

Tomorrow Tom is going to

- 1) play baseball.
- 2) pack things
- 3) have a party.
- 4)

Пояснение.

Sandra: Hi, Tom! Are you moving house?

Tom: Hi, Sandra. Yes, we are moving this Saturday.

Sandra: It's a pity you won't be our neighbours any longer. We've got used to you.

Tom: I feel sad about it too. But we often have to move because of my father's job. My mum hates it but nothing can be done — they pay good money and dad doesn't want to change the job.

Sandra: And you'll have to go to a new school again...

Tom: Right. It's not a very pleasant experience, but I'll manage. I mix with people easily.

Sandra: Yes, you do.

Tom: What I really worry about is sports. Here I played for the best baseball team of the city. The team in my new school is much weaker. It's going to be disappointing to play for them.

Sandra: But there are probably other things there that can compensate for it.

Tom: Mum says the school is very good. They use the newest teaching technologies and the students are really bright. Most of them go straight to university after they finish school.

Sandra: That's awesome! You're planning to go to university too, aren't you?

Tom: Well, I'm not sure yet. My parents want me to go. But I feel I'm not ready yet as I simply don't know what I want to become in the future. I'm thinking about getting a job after school, preferably a job with travel opportunities. I want to see the world, gain some life experience and only then decide what I want to become. The university choice will probably become easier too.

Sandra: Right. I see your point. And how about Robby? Moving is stressful for animals. You can leave him with us if you want, at least for a while... You know we have two cats, and my brother has just brought a dozen goldfish. We know how to take care of animals.

Tom: Oh, no! Don't worry about Robby. He'll be ok. He'll suffer more if he's left without his family. And... like most dogs he hates cats...

Sandra: Oh-oh.

Tom: Yes, I'm sorry, Sandra, but I must be off now. I've promised my mum to do some shopping for her.

Sandra: Does she want some souvenirs? Something that would remind you of our town?

Tom: No, she actually wants apples, plums and oranges for the salad. My parents are having guests for dinner tonight.

Sandra: I see. Look, if you need some help with packing your books and school papers...

Tom: Thank you, Sandra, but don't worry. I've packed almost everything already. But it would be great if you joined us for tomorrow's pizza party. My friends and I are going to the new pizzeria. We are celebrating our success in the baseball game. It's the last one for me with this team...

Sandra: But it's not the last game or the last victory in your life.
Cheer up...

It will be great if you join us for the pizza party.

Правильный ответ указан под номером 3.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 3

Задание 9 № 683 тип 9

Прочитайте тексты и установите соответствие между текстами A–G и заголовками 1–8. В ответ запишите цифры, в порядке, соответствующем буквам. Используйте каждую цифру только один раз. В задании есть один лишний заголовок.

1. A new music instrument
2. The latest fashion
3. A mobile for grandma
4. Phone addiction
5. A strange competition
6. A law against mobiles
7. Back to real-life communication
8. Digital personal assistants

A. Young people often worry about the style and functions of mobile phones. However, today companies present more models for people who are over 50 or 60 years old. They need a mobile phone with large buttons, so that they can dial numbers without glasses. The menu is also simple. It really doesn't matter if the phone has a camera or the Internet. For them, less is more.

B. Today, when friends meet in a cafe, they put their mobile phones in the middle of the table. They aren't allowed to touch them at all. If someone does it and answers the phone, they have to pay for everybody. Sounds fun, right? The idea is to make people concentrate on a real conversation with each other instead of using their mobiles all the time.

C. Visitors of theatres and cinemas often complain that mobile phones ring during performances. The city government of New York passed a new act. It is now forbidden to use mobile phones in places, like theaters, libraries, museums, galleries, and cinemas. Those who don't switch off their mobiles will have to pay \$50.

D. With mobile phones we can contact anyone, anywhere, any time. Scientists say that some people are so used to mobiles that they can't go to the kitchen without them. They are in panic if they leave them at home or lose. It has become a habit to have a mobile everywhere. People depend on mobile phones so much that doctors have started worrying. They say it may be a thing similar to drugs.

E. Throwing mobile phones is an international sport that started in Finland in 2000. Traditionally participants throw mobile phones over their shoulders. The person, who throws farthest, wins. There's also freestyle throwing. In this contest sportsmen should throw a mobile in a beautiful and creative way.

F. In 2010, a young girl from China made a song using only her mobile phone. She wrote it without any guitars, pianos, drums. She used different functions of her mobile. It took her several days to record the song. Later she made a video of it and put the video on the Internet, where over a million people watched it. She sent the song to the Apple company and suggested using it in their advertisements.

G. Today's mobile phones can already send e-mails, surf the Internet, and keep you in touch with friends. Tomorrow's phones are like helpful secretaries. In a few years you'll see that they know your habits and can advise you what to cook for dinner. They will remind you where to go and what present to buy.

Текст	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Заголовок							

Пояснение.

A–3-: However, today companies present more models for people who are over 50 or 60 years old. They need a mobile phone with large buttons, so that they can dial numbers without glasses. The menu is also simple.

B–7: Today, when friends meet in a cafe, they put their mobile phones in the middle of the table. They aren't allowed to touch them at all.

C-6: It is now forbidden to use mobile phones in places, like theaters, libraries, museums, galleries, and cinemas. Those who don't switch off their mobiles will have to pay \$50.

D-4: Scientists say that some people are so used to mobiles that they can't go to the kitchen without them. They are in panic if they leave them at home or lose.

E-5: Traditionally participants throw mobile phones over their shoulders. The person, who throws farthest, wins. There's also freestyle throwing.

F-1: young girl from China made a song In 2010, using only her mobile phone.

G-8: Today's mobile phones can already send e-mails, surf the Internet, and keep you in touch with friends.

Ответ: 3764518.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 3764518

Задание 10 № 848 тип 10

You can travel almost anywhere in the world, and you will probably see graffiti. Although graffiti is more common in big cities, today you may find it in almost any region or district, big or small. It's everywhere: on trains, walls, bridges and buildings. Love it or hate it but graffiti is part of the everyday urban world. Some people consider it art while others think it's vandalism. However, few of them really know how old graffiti is.

The word graffiti itself probably comes from the old Greek verb which means "to write". Writings on walls already existed in ancient Rome. The Romans cut graffiti on walls and monuments. What was it like, you may ask? Ancient graffiti was absolutely different from today's. It showed phrases of love, political ideas, simple thoughts, magic spells, alphabets, and famous quotations from literature.

Modern graffiti dates back to the US of the 1960s. At that time for young people it was a form of self-expression and a political protest. Teenage groups in New York, for example, painted graffiti to mark their territory. Later, there started competitions between different groups. That meant that the quality of graffiti became more important than just the amount of it.

Today graffiti has travelled all over the world. However, it is still an illegal art. It has been always painted on private or public property, like cars, trains, fences and house walls. As a result most people see it as vandalism. Besides, it's rather hard to clean graffiti paints, and cities spend millions every year on it. So, in most countries graffiti is forbidden.

On the other hand, modern graffiti is, by its nature, a form of painting. After all, the artists uses the same methods and materials. However, instead of paints a graffiti artist prefers sprays, markers, and crayons. Some of their works are really impressive and fascinating, they are powerful and have a deep meaning. Graffiti often makes grey walls look cheerful.

The purpose of some graffiti is to spread and declare social ideas. That's why a lot of graffiti paintings have political topics. Some cities have special places where the walls of different buildings can be used to create pieces of graffiti art.

Probably, the most famous graffiti artist is Banksy, who comes from Bristol, England. He strongly believes that writing graffiti on buildings is an effective way to communicate with people. His works are very often aggressive, provocative and even rude. In his graffiti he expresses personal political and social views, which are against war and capitalism.

Banksy is known not only for his graffiti works. He also likes playing "jokes". He sometimes unofficially hangs his works in the main art galleries. He doesn't want to be paid for them because he's sure art should be free. He says he wants to see how long it will take people to notice it. Once Banksy went into the Tate Gallery dressed as an old man, and glued a picture to the museum wall in protest of the Iraq War.

There are opposite opinions about graffiti.

- 1) True
- 2) False
- 3) Not stated
- 4)

Пояснение.

Some people consider it art while others think it's vandalism. However, few of them really know how old graffiti is. As a result most people see it as vandalism. Besides, it's rather hard to clean graffiti paints, and cities spend millions every year on it. So, in most countries graffiti is forbidden.

Правильный ответ указан под номером 1.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 1

Задание 11 № 849 тип 11

You can travel almost anywhere in the world, and you will probably see graffiti. Although graffiti is more common in big cities, today you may find it in almost any region or district, big or small. It's everywhere: on trains, walls, bridges and buildings. Love it or hate it but graffiti is part of the everyday urban world. Some people consider it art while others think it's vandalism. However, few of them really know how old graffiti is.

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Graffiti appeared only in the 20th century.

- 1) True
- 2) False
- 3) Not stated
- 4)

Пояснение.

Modern graffiti dates back to the US of the 1960s.

Правильный ответ указан под номером 2.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 2

Задание 12 № 850 тип 12

You can travel almost anywhere in the world, and you will probably see graffiti. Although graffiti is more common in big cities, today you may find it in almost any region or district, big or small. It's everywhere: on trains, walls, bridges and buildings. Love it or hate it but graffiti is part of the everyday urban world. Some people consider it art while others think it's vandalism. However, few of them really know how old graffiti is.

The word graffiti itself probably comes from the old Greek verb which means "to write". Writings on walls already existed in ancient Rome. The Romans cut graffiti on walls and monuments. What was it like, you may ask? Ancient graffiti was absolutely different from today's. It showed phrases of love, political ideas, simple thoughts, magic spells, alphabets, and famous quotations from literature.

Modern graffiti dates back to the US of the 1960s. At that time for young people it was a form of self-expression and a political protest. Teenage groups in New York, for example, painted graffiti to mark their territory. Later, there started competitions between different groups. That meant that the quality of graffiti became more important than just the amount of it.

Today graffiti has travelled all over the world. However, it is still an illegal art. It has been always painted on private or public property, like cars, trains, fences and house walls. As a result most people see

it as vandalism. Besides, it's rather hard to clean graffiti paints, and cities spend millions every year on it. So, in most countries graffiti is forbidden.

On the other hand, modern graffiti is, by its nature, a form of painting. After all, the artists uses the same methods and materials. However, instead of paints a graffiti artist prefers sprays, markers, and crayons. Some of their works are really impressive and fascinating, they are powerful and have a deep meaning. Graffiti often makes grey walls look cheerful.

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Banksy is known not only for his graffiti works. He also likes playing "jokes". He sometimes unofficially hangs his works in the main art galleries. He doesn't want to be paid for them because he's sure art should be free. He says he wants to see how long it will take people to notice it. Once Banksy went into the Tate Gallery dressed as an old man, and glued a picture to the museum wall in protest of the Iraq War.

A number of the American graffiti fans later became well-known artists and designers.

- 1) True
- 2) False
- 3) Not stated
- 4)

Пояснение.

No information.

Правильный ответ указан под номером 3.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 3

Задание 13 № 851 тип 13

You can travel almost anywhere in the world, and you will probably see graffiti. Although graffiti is more common in big cities, today you may find it in almost any region or district, big or small. It's everywhere: on trains, walls, bridges and buildings. Love it or hate it but graffiti is part of the everyday urban world. Some people consider it art while others think it's vandalism. However, few of them really know how old graffiti is.

The word graffiti itself probably comes from the old Greek verb which means "to write". Writings on walls already existed in ancient Rome. The Romans cut graffiti on walls and monuments. What was it like, you may ask? Ancient graffiti was absolutely different from today's. It showed phrases of love, political ideas, simple thoughts, magic spells, alphabets, and famous quotations from literature.

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The purpose of some graffiti is to spread and declare social ideas. That's why a lot of graffiti paintings have political topics. Some cities have special places where the walls of different buildings can be used to create pieces of graffiti art.

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Banksy is known not only for his graffiti works. He also likes playing "jokes". He sometimes unofficially hangs his works in the main art galleries. He doesn't want to be paid for them because he's sure art should be free. He says he wants to see how long it will take people to notice it. Once Banksy went into the Tate Gallery dressed as an old man, and glued a picture to the museum wall in protest of the Iraq War.

Removing graffiti is very expensive for the city authorities.

- 1) True
- 2) False
- 3) Not stated
- 4)

Пояснение.

Besides, it's rather hard to clean graffiti paints, and cities spend millions every year on it. So, in most countries graffiti is forbidden.

Правильный ответ указан под номером 1.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 1

Задание 14 № 852 тип 14

You can travel almost anywhere in the world, and you will probably see graffiti. Although graffiti is more common in big cities, today you may find it in almost any region or district, big or small. It's everywhere: on trains, walls, bridges and buildings. Love it or hate it but graffiti is part of the everyday urban world. Some people consider it art while others think it's vandalism. However, few of them really know how old graffiti is.

The word graffiti itself probably comes from the old Greek verb which means "to write". Writings on walls already existed in ancient Rome. The Romans cut graffiti on walls and monuments. What was it like, you may ask? Ancient graffiti was absolutely different from today's. It showed phrases of love, political ideas, simple thoughts, magic spells, alphabets, and famous quotations from literature.

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The purpose of some graffiti is to spread and declare social ideas. That's why a lot of graffiti paintings have political topics. Some cities have special places where the walls of different buildings can be used to create pieces of graffiti art.

Probably, the most famous graffiti artist is Banksy, who comes from Bristol, England. He strongly believes that writing graffiti on buildings is an effective way to communicate with people. His works are very often aggressive, provocative and even rude. In his graffiti he expresses personal political and social views, which are against war and capitalism.

Banksy is known not only for his graffiti works. He also likes playing "jokes". He sometimes unofficially hangs his works in the main art galleries. He doesn't want to be paid for them because he's sure art should be free. He says he wants to see how long it will take people to notice it. Once Banksy went into the Tate Gallery dressed as an old man, and glued a picture to the museum wall in protest of the Iraq War.

Graffiti and art have nothing in common.

- 1) True
- 2) False
- 3) Not stated
- 4)

Пояснение.

However, it is still an illegal art. On the other hand, modern graffiti is, by its nature, a form of painting.

Правильный ответ указан под номером 2.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 2

Задание 15 № 853 тип 15

You can travel almost anywhere in the world, and you will probably see graffiti. Although graffiti is more common in big cities, today you may find it in almost any region or district, big or small. It's everywhere: on trains, walls, bridges and buildings. Love it or hate it but graffiti is part of the everyday urban world. Some people consider it art while others think it's vandalism. However, few of them really know how old graffiti is.

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The purpose of some graffiti is to spread and declare social ideas. That's why a lot of graffiti paintings have political topics. Some cities have special places where the walls of different buildings can be used to create pieces of graffiti art.

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Banksy is known not only for his graffiti works. He also likes playing "jokes". He sometimes unofficially hangs his works in the main art galleries. He doesn't want to be paid for them because he's sure art should be free. He says he wants to see how long it will take people to notice it. Once Banksy went into the Tate Gallery dressed as an old man, and glued a picture to the museum wall in protest of the Iraq War.

Politicians use graffiti to express their ideas and views.

- 1) True
- 2) False
- 3) Not stated
- 4)

Пояснение.

The purpose of some graffiti is to spread and declare social ideas. That's why a lot of graffiti paintings have political topics.

Правильный ответ указан под номером 3.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 3

Задание 16 № 854 тип 16

You can travel almost anywhere in the world, and you will probably see graffiti. Although graffiti is more common in big cities, today you may find it in almost any region or district, big or small. It's everywhere: on trains, walls, bridges and buildings. Love it or hate it but graffiti is part of the everyday urban world. Some people consider it art while others think it's vandalism. However, few of them really know how old graffiti is.

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The purpose of some graffiti is to spread and declare social ideas. That's why a lot of graffiti paintings have political topics. Some cities have special places where the walls of different buildings can be used to create pieces of graffiti art.

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Banksy is known not only for his graffiti works. He also likes playing "jokes". He sometimes unofficially hangs his works in the main art galleries. He doesn't want to be paid for them because he's sure art should be free. He says he wants to see how long it will take people to notice it. Once Banksy went into the Tate Gallery dressed as an old man, and glued a picture to the museum wall in protest of the Iraq War.

Banksy uses graffiti to share his ideas.

- 1) True
- 2) False
- 3) Not stated
- 4)

Пояснение.

In his graffiti he expresses personal political and social views, which are against war and capitalism.

Правильный ответ указан под номером 1.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 1

Задание 17 № 855 тип 17

You can travel almost anywhere in the world, and you will probably see graffiti. Although graffiti is more common in big cities, today you may find it in almost any region or district, big or small. It's everywhere: on trains, walls, bridges and buildings. Love it or hate it but graffiti is part of the everyday urban world. Some people consider it art while others think it's vandalism. However, few of them really know how old graffiti is.

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Banksy is known not only for his graffiti works. He also likes playing "jokes". He sometimes unofficially hangs his works in the main art galleries. He doesn't want to be paid for them because he's sure art should be free. He says he wants to see how long it will take people to notice it. Once Banksy went into the Tate Gallery dressed as an old man, and glued a picture to the museum wall in protest of the Iraq War.

Banksy sells his works to art galleries and museums.

- 1) True
- 2) False
- 3) Not stated
- 4)

Пояснение.

He sometimes unofficially hangs his works in the main art galleries. He doesn't want to be paid for them because he's sure art should be free.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 2

Задание 18 № 1218 тип 18

Jack always put off his homework because he wanted to watch television. At first his mother let him do this. However, after watching television, Jack _____ (NOT/WANT) to do anything either. He said: "I _____ (BE) too tired. I'll get up early tomorrow to do my homework". Naturally, the next day he _____ (WAKE) up late and went to school without doing his homework. At last his mother said: 'You can only watch TV when you've done your homework.' However, half an hour later, when she entered the room, she saw that Jack _____ (WATCH) TV! "I _____ (DO) my homework already!" Jack announced and turned back to the screen. His mum had a look at his exercise books. The homework was there, but it _____ (WRITE) carelessly and obviously contained lots of mistakes. "I wish Thomas Edison _____ (CAN) see how his invention affects some people." Jack's mother said. "Who's Thomas Edison?" asked Jack. "A great scientist. He studied electricity and he invented the light bulb to light our houses. Television wouldn't be possible without _____ (HE)." One day, in class, the teacher asked the students who Thomas Edison was. Jack answered at once: "He was the _____ (ONE) man who gave people the opportunity to watch television without candlelight."

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

«Jack always put off his homework because he wanted to watch television.

At first his mother let him do this. However, after watching television, Jack _____ (NOT/WANT) to do anything either.»

Пояснение.

повествование в прошедшем времени. законченное единичное действие — past simple.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: didnotwant

Задание 19 № 1219 тип 19

Jack always put off his homework because he wanted to watch television. At first his mother let him do this. However, after watching television, Jack _____ (NOT/WANT) to do anything either. He said: "I _____ (BE) too tired. I'll get up early tomorrow to do my homework". Naturally, the next day he _____ (WAKE) up late and went to school without doing his homework. At last his mother said: 'You can only watch TV when you've done your homework.' However, half an hour later, when she entered the room, she saw that Jack _____ (WATCH) TV! "I _____ (DO) my homework already!" Jack announced and turned back to the screen. His mum had a look at his exercise books. The homework was there, but it _____ (WRITE) carelessly and obviously contained lots of mistakes. "I wish Thomas Edison _____ (CAN) see how his invention affects some people." Jack's mother said. "Who's Thomas Edison?" asked Jack. "A great scientist. He studied electricity and he invented the light bulb to light our houses. Television wouldn't be possible without _____ (HE)." One day, in class, the teacher asked the students who Thomas Edison was. Jack answered at once: "He was the _____ (ONE) man who gave people the opportunity to watch television without candlelight."

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

«He said: "I _____ (BE) too tired. I'll get up early tomorrow to do my homework".»

Пояснение.

По контексту понятно, что нужное время present simple (второе предложение служит тому подсказкой).

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: am

Задание 20 № 1220 тип 20

Jack always put off his homework because he wanted to watch television. At first his mother let him do this. However, after watching television, Jack _____ (NOT/WANT) to do anything either. He said: "I _____ (BE) too tired. I'll get up early tomorrow to do my homework". Naturally, the next day he _____ (WAKE) up late and went to school without doing his homework. At last his mother said: 'You can only watch TV when you've done your homework.' However, half an hour later, when she entered the room, she saw that Jack _____ (WATCH) TV! "I _____ (DO) my homework already!" Jack announced and turned back to the screen. His mum had a look at his exercise books. The homework was there, but it _____ (WRITE) carelessly and obviously contained lots of mistakes. "I wish Thomas Edison _____ (CAN) see how his invention affects some people." Jack's mother said. "Who's Thomas Edison?" asked Jack. "A great scientist. He studied electricity and he invented the light bulb to light our houses. Television wouldn't be possible without _____ (HE)." One day, in class, the teacher asked the students who Thomas Edison was. Jack answered at once: "He was the _____ (ONE) man who gave people the opportunity to watch television without candlelight."

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

«Naturally, the next day he _____ (WAKE) up late and went to school without doing his homework.»

Пояснение.

чередa законченных событий в прошлом. past simple.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: woke

Задание 21 № 1221 тип 21

Jack always put off his homework because he wanted to watch television. At first his mother let him do this. However, after watching television, Jack _____ (NOT/WANT) to do anything either. He said: "I _____ (BE) too tired. I'll get up early tomorrow to do my homework". Naturally, the next day he _____ (WAKE) up late and went to school without doing his homework. At last his mother said: 'You can only watch TV when you've done your homework.' However, half an hour later, when she entered the room, she saw that Jack _____ (WATCH) TV! "I _____ (DO) my homework already!" Jack announced and turned back to the screen. His mum had a look at his exercise books. The homework was there, but it _____ (WRITE) carelessly and obviously contained lots of mistakes. "I wish Thomas Edison _____ (CAN) see how his invention affects some people." Jack's mother said. "Who's Thomas Edison?" asked Jack. "A great scientist. He studied electricity and he invented the light bulb to light our houses. Television wouldn't be possible without _____ (HE)." One day, in class, the teacher asked the students who Thomas Edison was. Jack answered at once: "He was the _____ (ONE) man who gave people the opportunity to watch television without candlelight."

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

«At last his mother said: 'You can only watch TV when you've done your homework.' However, half an hour later, when she entered the room, she saw that Jack _____ (WATCH) TV!»

Пояснение.

конструкция 2v + doing something. глагол в прошедшем времени + деепричастие.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: waswatching

Задание 22 № 1222 тип 22

Jack always put off his homework because he wanted to watch television. At first his mother let him do this. However, after watching television, Jack _____ (NOT/WANT) to do anything either. He said: "I _____ (BE) too tired. I'll get up early tomorrow to do my homework". Naturally, the next day he _____ (WAKE) up late and went to school without doing his homework. At last his mother said: 'You can only watch TV when you've done your homework.' However, half an hour later, when she entered the room, she saw that Jack _____ (WATCH) TV! "I _____ (DO) my homework already!" Jack announced and turned back to the screen. His mum had a look at his exercise books. The homework was there, but it _____ (WRITE) carelessly and obviously contained lots of mistakes. "I wish Thomas Edison _____ (CAN) see how his invention affects some people." Jack's mother said. "Who's Thomas Edison?" asked Jack. "A great scientist. He studied electricity and he invented the light bulb to light our houses. Television wouldn't be possible without _____ (HE)." One day, in class, the teacher asked the students who Thomas Edison was. Jack answered at once: "He was the _____ (ONE) man who gave people the opportunity to watch television without candlelight."

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

«"I _____ (DO) my homework already!" Jack announced and turned back to the screen. His mum had a look at his exercise books.»

Пояснение.

слово подсказка already — указывает на время present perfect

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: have done

Задание 23 № 1223 тип 23

Jack always put off his homework because he wanted to watch television. At first his mother let him do this. However, after watching television, Jack _____ (NOT/WANT) to do anything either. He said: "I _____ (BE) too tired. I'll get up early tomorrow to do my homework". Naturally, the next day he _____ (WAKE) up late and went to school without doing his homework. At last his mother said: 'You can only watch TV when you've done your homework.' However, half an hour later, when she entered the room, she saw that Jack _____ (WATCH) TV! "I _____ (DO) my homework already!" Jack announced and turned back to the screen. His mum had a look at his exercise books. The homework was there, but it _____ (WRITE) carelessly and obviously contained lots of mistakes. "I wish Thomas Edison _____ (CAN) see how his invention affects some people." Jack's mother said. "Who's Thomas Edison?" asked Jack. "A great scientist. He studied electricity and he invented the light bulb to light our houses. Television wouldn't be possible without _____ (HE)." One day, in class, the teacher asked the students who Thomas Edison was. Jack answered at once: "He was the _____ (ONE) man who gave people the opportunity to watch television without candlelight."

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

«The homework was there, but it _____ (WRITE) carelessly and obviously contained lots of mistakes.»

Пояснение.

Пассивный залог. вспомогательный глагол в прошедшем времени + 3-я форма глагола.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: was written

Задание 24 № 1224 тип 24

Jack always put off his homework because he wanted to watch television. At first his mother let him do this. However, after watching television, Jack _____ (NOT/WANT) to do anything either. He said: "I _____ (BE) too tired. I'll get up early tomorrow to do my homework". Naturally, the next day he _____ (WAKE) up late and went to school without doing his homework. At last his mother said: 'You can only watch TV when you've done your homework.' However, half an hour

later, when she entered the room, she saw that Jack _____ (WATCH) TV! "I _____ (DO) my homework already!" Jack announced and turned back to the screen. His mum had a look at his exercise books. The homework was there, but it _____ (WRITE) carelessly and obviously contained lots of mistakes. "I wish Thomas Edison _____ (CAN) see how his invention affects some people." Jack's mother said. "Who's Thomas Edison?" asked Jack. "A great scientist. He studied electricity and he invented the light bulb to light our houses. Television wouldn't be possible without _____ (HE)." One day, in class, the teacher asked the students who Thomas Edison was. Jack answered at once: "He was the _____ (ONE) man who gave people the opportunity to watch television without candlelight."

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

«*I wish Thomas Edison _____ (CAN) see how his invention affects some people.*» Jack's mother said.»

Пояснение.

сослагательное наклонение. *i wish* — условное (я бы хотел)

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: *could*

Задание 25 № 1225 тип 25

Jack always put off his homework because he wanted to watch television. At first his mother let him do this. However, after watching television, Jack _____ (NOT/WANT) to do anything either. He said: "I _____ (BE) too tired. I'll get up early tomorrow to do my homework". Naturally, the next day he _____ (WAKE) up late and went to school without doing his homework. At last his mother said: 'You can only watch TV when you've done your homework.' However, half an hour later, when she entered the room, she saw that Jack _____ (WATCH) TV! "I _____ (DO) my homework already!" Jack announced and turned back to the screen. His mum had a look at his exercise books. The homework was there, but it _____ (WRITE) carelessly and obviously contained lots of mistakes. "I wish Thomas Edison _____ (CAN) see how his invention affects some people." Jack's mother said. "Who's Thomas Edison?" asked Jack. "A great scientist. He studied electricity and he invented the light bulb to light our houses. Television wouldn't be possible without _____ (HE)." One day, in class, the teacher asked the students who Thomas Edison was. Jack answered at once: "He was the _____ (ONE) man who gave people the opportunity to watch television without candlelight."

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

"*Who's Thomas Edison?*" asked Jack.

"*A great scientist. He studied electricity and he invented the light bulb to light our houses. Television wouldn't be possible without _____ (HE).*"

Пояснение.

Дополнение. Без кого? Without him.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: *him*

Задание 26 № 1226 тип 26

Jack always put off his homework because he wanted to watch television. At first his mother let him do this. However, after watching television, Jack _____ (NOT/WANT) to do anything either. He said: "I _____ (BE) too tired. I'll get up early tomorrow to do my homework". Naturally, the next day he _____ (WAKE) up late and went to school without doing his homework. At last his mother said: 'You can only watch TV when you've done your homework.' However, half an hour later, when she entered the room, she saw that Jack _____ (WATCH) TV! "I _____ (DO) my homework already!" Jack announced and turned back to the screen. His mum had a look at his exercise books. The homework was there, but it _____ (WRITE) carelessly and obviously contained lots of mistakes. "I wish Thomas Edison _____ (CAN) see how his invention affects some people." Jack's mother said. "Who's Thomas Edison?" asked Jack. "A great scientist. He studied electricity and he invented the light bulb to light our houses. Television wouldn't

be possible without _____ (HE).” One day, in class, the teacher asked the students who Thomas Edison was. Jack answered at once: “He was the _____ (ONE) man who gave people the opportunity to watch television without candlelight.”

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

«One day, in class, the teacher asked the students who Thomas Edison was. Jack answered at once: “He was the _____ (ONE) man who gave people the opportunity to watch television without candlelight.”»

Пояснение.

требуется порядковое числительное (the first)

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: first

Задание 27 № 98 тип 27

Every year the world goes dark for one hour, the Earth Hour. The event is organised by the _____ (NATION) World Wildlife Fund. At tourist destinations, in offices and private homes, lights are switched off for one hour at _____ (EXACT) 8:00 pm. The idea is to show that our planet is in danger and it needs care and _____ (PROTECT). It's _____ (POSSIBLE) to remain indifferent to changes in the climate which go on and on. The Earth Hour is not about saving an hour's electricity. It's about realising that we live on a _____ (WONDER) planet and need to look after it — not just for an hour a year but every day. The Earth Hour is a part of an _____ (ECOLOGY) education whose aim is to make people understand their responsibility to the planet.

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно лексически и грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

«Every year the world goes dark for one hour, the Earth Hour. The event is organised by the _____ (NATION) World Wildlife Fund.»

Пояснение.

Adjective: al — international.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: international

Задание 28 № 99 тип 28

Every year the world goes dark for one hour, the Earth Hour. The event is organised by the _____ (NATION) World Wildlife Fund. At tourist destinations, in offices and private homes, lights are switched off for one hour at _____ (EXACT) 8:00 pm. The idea is to show that our planet is in danger and it needs care and _____ (PROTECT). It's _____ (POSSIBLE) to remain indifferent to changes in the climate which go on and on. The Earth Hour is not about saving an hour's electricity. It's about realising that we live on a _____ (WONDER) planet and need to look after it — not just for an hour a year but every day. The Earth Hour is a part of an _____ (ECOLOGY) education whose aim is to make people understand their responsibility to the planet.

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

«At tourist destinations, in offices and private homes, lights are switched off for one hour at _____ (EXACT) 8:00 pm.»

Пояснение.

Adverb: ly — exactly.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: exactly

Задание 29 № 100 тип 29

Every year the world goes dark for one hour, the Earth Hour. The event is organised by the _____(NATION) World Wildlife Fund. At tourist destinations, in offices and private homes, lights are switched off for one hour at _____(EXACT) 8:00 pm. The idea is to show that our planet is in danger and it needs care and _____(PROTECT). It's _____(POSSIBLE) to remain indifferent to changes in the climate which go on and on. The Earth Hour is not about saving an hour's electricity. It's about realising that we live on a _____(WONDER) planet and need to look after it — not just for an hour a year but every day. The Earth Hour is a part of an _____(ECOLOGY) education whose aim is to make people understand their responsibility to the planet.

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

«*The idea is to show that our planet is in danger and it needs care and _____(PROTECT).*»

Пояснение.

A noun: ion — protection.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: protection

Задание 30 № 101 тип 30

Every year the world goes dark for one hour, the Earth Hour. The event is organised by the _____(NATION) World Wildlife Fund. At tourist destinations, in offices and private homes, lights are switched off for one hour at _____(EXACT) 8:00 pm. The idea is to show that our planet is in danger and it needs care and _____(PROTECT). It's _____(POSSIBLE) to remain indifferent to changes in the climate which go on and on. The Earth Hour is not about saving an hour's electricity. It's about realising that we live on a _____(WONDER) planet and need to look after it — not just for an hour a year but every day. The Earth Hour is a part of an _____(ECOLOGY) education whose aim is to make people understand their responsibility to the planet.

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

«*It's _____(POSSIBLE) to remain indifferent to changes in the climate which go on and on.*»

Пояснение.

Negative prefix: im — impossible.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: impossible

Задание 31 № 102 тип 31

Every year the world goes dark for one hour, the Earth Hour. The event is organised by the _____(NATION) World Wildlife Fund. At tourist destinations, in offices and private homes, lights are switched off for one hour at _____(EXACT) 8:00 pm. The idea is to show that our planet is in danger and it needs care and _____(PROTECT). It's _____(POSSIBLE) to remain indifferent to changes in the climate which go on and on. The Earth Hour is not about saving an hour's electricity. It's about realising that we live on a _____(WONDER) planet and need to look after it — not just for an hour a year but every day. The Earth Hour is a part of an _____(ECOLOGY) education whose aim is to make people understand their responsibility to the planet.

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

«*The Earth Hour is not about saving an hour's electricity. It's about realising that we live on a _____(WONDER) planet and need to look after it — not just for an hour a year but every*

day.»

Пояснение.

Adjective: ful — wonderful.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: wonderful

Задание 32 № 103 тип 32

Every year the world goes dark for one hour, the Earth Hour. The event is organised by the _____(NATION) World Wildlife Fund. At tourist destinations, in offices and private homes, lights are switched off for one hour at _____(EXACT) 8:00 pm. The idea is to show that our planet is in danger and it needs care and _____(PROTECT). It's _____(POSSIBLE) to remain indifferent to changes in the climate which go on and on. The Earth Hour is not about saving an hour's electricity. It's about realising that we live on a _____(WONDER) planet and need to look after it — not just for an hour a year but every day. The Earth Hour is a part of an _____(ECOLOGY) education whose aim is to make people understand their responsibility to the planet.

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

«The Earth Hour is a part of an _____(ECOLOGY) education whose aim is to make people understand their responsibility to the planet.»

Пояснение.

Adjective: cal — ecological.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: ecological

Задание С1

You have 30 minutes to do this task. You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen friend Ben.

... I am very busy now preparing for my exams but yesterday I went to the cinema with my friends. We saw a new film about Sherlock Holmes. You've probably seen it too. ...

What kinds of films do you like? Where do you prefer watching films — in the cinema or at home and why? What would you make a film about if you had a chance?...

Write her a letter and answer her 3 questions. Write 100–120 words. Remember the rules of letter writing.

Пояснение.

St. Petersburg, Russia
November, 30

Dear Ben,
Thanks for your letter; it's nice to hear from you.
No, I haven't seen that film yet.

I like to watch many kinds of movies: from old ones to the moderns. My favorite genre is thriller, because it's very scary and unpredictable. I watch films almost every day at home, but I have to admit that watching them on wide screen is much cooler. All the special effects and the way the actors play seems way more impressing. If I make a film one day it will be related with biography, my childhood and the people who surround me. In other words It will be very intimate.

Write back soon.
Best wishes,
Emma

Критерий

- K1 Решение коммуникативной задачи
- K2 Организация текста
- K3 Лексико-грамматическое оформление текста
- K4 Орфография и пунктуация

Задание С2

You are going to read the text aloud. You have 1.5 minutes to read the text silently, and then be ready to read it aloud. Remember that you will not have more than 2 minutes for reading aloud.

Wombats are exotic animals that only live in Australia. They have become an unofficial symbol of the country. In 1974 a wombat appeared on an Australian stamp for the first time. Since then it has been regularly used on different Australian stamps and coins. Wombats look like little bears and prefer grass to meat. They also love eating berries, plant roots and mushrooms. Like camels, wombats drink little water because there is enough water in fresh grass. Wombats spend most of their life in holes under the ground. With their strong arms and long nails they are able to dig very long and complex tunnels. Fortunately, wombats have few enemies in the animal world. Most wombats live around 15 years.

Пояснение.

Речь воспринимается легко: необоснованные паузы отсутствуют; фразовое ударение и интонационные контуры, произношение слов практически без нарушений нормы; допускается не более пяти фонетических ошибок, в том числе одна-две ошибки, искажающие смысл.

Критерий

- K1 Решение коммуникативной задачи
- K2 Лексико-грамматическое оформление речи
- K3 Произносительная сторона речи

Задание С3

You are going to take part in a telephone survey. You have to answer six questions. Give full answers to the questions. Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.

Нажмите кнопку [9428.mp3](#), чтобы прослушать запись.

Пояснение.

Вы могли бы ответить так:

Electronic assistant: What do you enjoy doing in your free time?

Student: I enjoy watching cartoons in my free time.

Electronic assistant: How often do you go to the cinema or to the theater?

Student: I usually go twice a month to the local cinema.

Electronic assistant: How much time do you usually watch TV every day?

Student: I don't watch TV because I use a computer.

Electronic assistant: What TV programs are popular in your family?

Student: My family usually watches news and science programs.

Electronic assistant: Do you prefer TV or the internet? Why?

Student: I prefer the internet because I believe that it's more convenient for me.

Electronic assistant: What TV program would you recommend your friends watch?

Student: I would recommend them to watch a TV program about aliens.

Критерий

K1 Решение коммуникативной задачи

K2 Взаимодействие с собеседником

K3 Лексико-грамматическое оформление речи

K4 Произносительная сторона речи

Задание C4 № 1549

Критерии оценивания ответа на задание C4	Баллы
Решение коммуникативной задачи (K5)	
Задание выполнено полностью: цель общения достигнута; тема раскрыта в полном объёме (полно, точно и развернуто раскрыты все аспекты, указанные в задании)	3
Задание выполнено: цель общения достигнута; но тема раскрыта не в полном объёме (один аспект раскрыт не полностью)	2
Задание выполнено частично: цель общения достигнута частично; тема раскрыта в ограниченном объёме (один аспект не раскрыт, ИЛИ все аспекты задания раскрыты неполно, ИЛИ два аспекта раскрыты не в полном объёме, третий аспект дан полно и точно)	1
Задание не выполнено: цель общения не достигнута: два аспекта содержания не раскрыты*	0
Организация высказывания (K6)	
Высказывание логично и имеет завершённый характер; имеются вступительная и заключительная фразы, соответствующие теме. Средства логической связи используются правильно	2
Высказывание в основном логично и имеет достаточно завершённый характер, НО отсутствует вступительная ИЛИ заключительная фраза, имеются одно-два нарушения в использовании средств логической связи	1
Высказывание нелогично, вступительная и заключительная фразы отсутствуют; средства логической связи практически не используются	0
Языковое оформление высказывания (K7)	
Использованный словарный запас, грамматические структуры, фонетическое оформление высказывания соответствуют поставленной задаче (допускается не более четырёх негрубых лексико-грамматических ошибок И/ИЛИ не более трёх негрубых фонетических ошибок)	2
Использованный словарный запас, грамматические структуры, фонетическое оформление высказывания соответствуют поставленной задаче (допускается не более пяти негрубых лексикограмматических ошибок И/ИЛИ не более четырёх негрубых фонетических ошибок)	1
Понимание высказывания затруднено из-за многочисленных лексико-грамматических и фонетических ошибок (шесть и более лексико-грамматических ошибок И/ИЛИ пять и более фонетических ошибок) ИЛИ более трёх грубых ошибок	0
<i>Максимальное количество баллов</i>	<i>7</i>

*Примечание. При получении экзаменуемым 0 баллов по критерию «Решение коммуникативной задачи» всё задание оценивается в 0 баллов.

You are going to give a talk about weather and seasons. You will have to start in 1.5 minutes and will speak for not more than 2 minutes.



Remember to say:

- which of the four seasons you like most, and why;
- how the Earth's climate has changed recently;
- whether you trust the weather forecast, and why.

You have to talk continuously.

Пояснение.

I would like to start with the idea that weather is a very popular topic. I think that the majority of people hate a winter season because it's too cold. But I consider winter as the most gorgeous and beautiful time of the year because snow covers absolutely everything including big roofs and tall trees. As the result the view is fantastic. I enjoy walking on the streets in that time of the year. Nevertheless, I have all reasons to think that climate is rapidly changing. For example, winter has become shorter. I'm convinced that we should definitely do something to change the current situation. Speaking about weather forecasts, I would say that I trust them because they use scientific methods to determine the future weather. Of course, there is some inaccuracy. But most of the time predictions come true. In summary, I should say that climate is a very fragile system. We should not harm it.