

Решения

Задание 1 № 1188 тип 1

Вы услышите 6 высказываний. Установите соответствие между высказываниями каждого говорящего A–F и утверждениями, данными в списке 1–7. Используйте каждое утверждение, обозначенное соответствующей цифрой, только один раз. В задании есть одно лишнее утверждение. Вы услышите запись дважды.

Нажмите кнопку [4944.mp3](#), чтобы прослушать запись.

1. TV may have a negative effect on learning.
2. TV should change in the future.
3. TV can teach a lot.
4. TV has many functions.
5. TV can ruin family life.
6. TV should be switched on and off in time.
7. TV can be a good friend.

Говорящий	A	B	C	D	E	F
Утверждение						

Пояснение.

Speaker A. Ninety-eight per cent of us in Britain have a TV set in our homes and, according to the experts, we rarely turn it off. In fact, the average viewer watches as much as 25 hours a week. Television informs, educates and entertains people. It also influences the way people look at the world and makes them change their views.

Speaker B. Primary school teachers are complaining of youngsters' inability to concentrate and their need to be constantly entertained. Some students do their homework in front of the television set. Others rush through their homework so they can watch television. It would seem that too much TV is to blame.

Speaker C. Watching too much TV can lead to the 'lodger' syndrome. Some husbands come home, sit in front of the TV and simply don't communicate with their families at all. Even when programmes contain nothing negative, it's not really a good thing for so many families to spend whole evenings glued to the box.

Speaker D. However, there is another side to the picture. For the lonely, elderly or housebound, television can be a good thing, being a cheap and convenient form of entertainment and a 'friendly face' in the house. It can be an ideal way to relax, without necessarily turning you into a TV addict.

Speaker E. Television doesn't just entertain, of course. There are times when it can be informative and can provide a source of good family conversation, e. g. TV programmes featuring various cultural, historical, political and artistic issues. For example, The National Geographic documentaries have recently become very popular.

Speaker F. Informative, useful, entertaining and relaxing — and yes, banal and boring — television is all of these. But if we're not selective, surely we have only ourselves to blame. TV can be a part of family life, but when it becomes all of it, maybe that's the time to reach for the 'off' switch.

A–4: Television informs, educates and entertains people. It also influences the way people look at the world and makes them change their views.

B–1: ... homework in front of the television set. Others rush through their homework...

C–5: Some husbands come home, sit in front of the TV and simply don't communicate with their families at all.

D–7: However, there is another side to the picture. For the lonely, elderly or housebound, television can be a good thing, being a cheap and convenient form of entertainment and a 'friendly face' in the house

E–3: There are times when it can be informative and can provide a source of good family conversation, e. g. TV programmes featuring various cultural, historical, political and artistic.

F–6: ... but when it becomes all of it, maybe that's the time to reach for the 'off' switch.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 415736

Задание 2 № 3748 тип 2

Вы услышите диалог. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений **A–G** соответствуют содержанию текста (**1 – True**), какие не соответствуют (**2 – False**) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (**3 – Not stated**). Занесите номер выбранного Вами варианта ответа в таблицу. Вы услышите запись дважды.

Нажмите кнопку [32699.mp3](#), чтобы прослушать запись.

- A. Bill and Peggy are planning their trip to Moscow.
- B. Bill and Peggy study together at the university.
- C. Peggy has never been to Moscow before.
- D. While in Moscow, Bill rode a bicycle.
- E. Bill is a vegetarian.
- F. Peggy speaks good Russian.
- G. Bill liked literary museums in Moscow.

Запишите в ответ цифры, расположив их в порядке, соответствующем буквам:

A	B	C	D	E	F	G

Пояснение.

Bill: Hi Peggy! How's it going?

Peggy: Hi Bill! I'm doing great! Guess what, I'm going to Moscow for my study abroad program next year. This is my first trip to Russia!

Bill: That's fantastic, Peggy! I was there during my gap year. I can give you some advice about what to see and do there if you like.

Peggy: That would be great! I was hoping you'd be able to help me out.

Bill: Well, the nice thing about Moscow is that you won't need a car. The public transportation system is one of the best in the world and the metro stations are very efficient and also beautiful. Tourists come from all over the world to see them.

Peggy: Oh! That's good to hear. I was thinking about buying a bicycle to travel around Moscow. But I guess, it's not necessary.

Bill: It's true that Moscow is becoming more bicycle-friendly. There are special lanes for bikes and you can even rent them around the city for a small fee, but there's still a lot of traffic and pedestrians to navigate through and it's too cold and slippery in the winter for biking.

Peggy: Right! What about food? You know, I'm a vegetarian.

Bill: Well, being a vegetarian is not as common in Russia as it is in America, but it's becoming more and more popular in Moscow, and you can find specialty stores that sell things like tofu and other products for vegetarians, as well as vegetarian cafes. In addition, there are a lot of great dairy products like kefir and cottage cheese that you will love that you can find in any supermarket.

Peggy: Cool! Another thing I was wondering about is where I can go to watch movies. I'm a really avid film-goer and I don't like missing new releases. The problem is, my Russian isn't so good and I heard that in Russia all foreign films are dubbed into Russian.

Bill: That's true. Sometimes it's really hard to find films shown in English. There are a few places though that show films in English with Russian subtitles. These are often artsy intellectual places for Russians who know English, and they don't often sell popcorn there. You won't be able to find blockbuster films there, either.

Peggy: That's ok. I prefer watching more artistic films anyway. I also don't care much for popcorn, so it's not a big deal. What about places to see? I know about all the major attractions. But I'm sure there must be some less well-known sights that I shouldn't miss.

Bill: Since you are into movies, you should check out Mosfilm studio. They have excursions there where you can see Russian film sets and props for classic Soviet films. It's extremely fascinating. There are also a large number of lesser known museums that were actually the homes of famous Russian writers and artists that show how they really lived. I especially loved Tolstoy's and Dostoyevsky's museums.

Peggy: That sounds wonderful! Thank you, Bill for giving me such great advice! I'm really looking forward to my year abroad!

Bill: I'm sure you're going to have an unforgettable experience. Please keep in touch and let me know how it goes.

Peggy: Sure! See you later!

Bill: Bye!

- A — 2. Peggy: <...> Guess what, I'm going to Moscow for my study abroad program next year.
 B — 3. Нет информации.
 C — 1: Peggy: <...> This is my first trip to Russia!
 D — 3. Нет информации.
 E — 3. Нет информации.
 F — 2: Peggy: <...> The problem is, my Russian isn't so good...
 G — 1. Bill: <...> There are also a large number of lesser known museums that were actually the homes of famous Russian writers and artists that show how they really lived. I especially loved Tolstoy's and Dostoyevsky's museums.

Ответ: 2313321.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 2313321

Задание 3 № 339 тип 3

Вы услышите репортаж дважды. Выберите правильный ответ 1, 2 или 3.

Нажмите кнопку [4956.mp3](#), чтобы прослушать запись.

What, according to Michael Mitchell, is the biggest plus of Vintage Inns?

- 1) Picturesque locations.
- 2) Nostalgic landlords and landladies.
- 3) Tourists from all over the world.

Пояснение.

Presenter: With us in the studio today we have the owner of famous British Vintage Inns. Good afternoon, Mr. Mitchell.

Michael Mitchell: Good afternoon, but, please, call me Michael.

Presenter: So, Michael, what is so special about Vintage Inns for Englishmen or tourists?

Michael Mitchell: I must say one of our greatest advantages is that we are in really prime places. Imagine a summer's day, a river gently flowing past as you enjoy a light lunch or an evening meal with friends. Or, maybe, it is winter and you sit in front of a log fire. Our inns are always in a quaint village in the heart of the English countryside which makes it attractive for both nostalgic British people and enthusiastic tourists.

Presenter: As I understand, most of your inns have their own gardens.

Michael Mitchell: Yes, it is certainly true. They are every bit as pleasant as the places the inns are in — ideal for a meal in fine weather, which is, of course, seasonal.

Presenter: Still, competition is high in your sphere. Being not so close to centers of big cities, what do you do to make sure people will drive specially to you?

12 Англ. яз., 25 нар.

Michael Mitchell: Actually, I do nothing special to attract potential customers. You see, I do not have to as the inns are generally located in places worth visiting and many are close to enchanting walks. Very often there is a Vintage Inn close to a stately home or a historic village or another tourist attraction. What could be a better way to spend a day off with your family? Even London pubs cannot offer this.

Presenter: Any chain store risks becoming boring for clients as they all look exactly the same. What do you think about this opinion?

Michael Mitchell: I'd like to say that every Vintage Inn is different, but they are all the same. All our inns will definitely offer the same high quality menu and standards of service. All our landlords and ladies share the same passion for 'getting it right'. However, each Vintage Inn has its own unique character. You will discover thatched roofs, soft, natural slate, buildings of hewn stone. There are Tudor, Georgian, Victorian and many more styles of architecture, including modern ones.

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Presenter: What is your booking policy? You must have a long line of people wishing to visit your places!

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Presenter: Thank you, Michael.

Michael Mitchell: Pleasure.

Our inns are always in a quaint village in the heart of the English countryside which makes it attractive for both nostalgic British people and enthusiastic tourists.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 1

Задание 4 № 340 тип 4

Вы услышите репортаж дважды. Выберите правильный ответ 1, 2 или 3.

Нажмите кнопку [4956.mp3](#), чтобы прослушать запись.

What point does Michael Mitchell make about Vintage Inns' gardens?

- 1) They are perfect for any season.
- 2) All Vintage Inns must have them.
- 3) They are an alternative to dine in good weather.

Пояснение.

Presenter: With us in the studio today we have the owner of famous British Vintage Inns. Good afternoon, Mr. Mitchell.

Michael Mitchell: Good afternoon, but, please, call me Michael.

Presenter: So, Michael, what is so special about Vintage Inns for Englishmen or tourists?

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Presenter: Still, competition is high in your sphere. Being not so close to centers of big cities, what do you do to make sure people will drive specially to you?

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Presenter: Any chain store risks becoming boring for clients as they all look exactly the same. What do you think about this opinion?

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Presenter: Thank you, Michael.

Michael Mitchell: Pleasure.

They are every bit as pleasant as the places the inns are in — ideal for a meal in fine weather, which is, of course, seasonal.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 3

Задание 5 № 341 тип 5

Вы услышите репортаж дважды. Выберите правильный ответ 1, 2 или 3.

Нажмите кнопку [4956.mp3](#), чтобы прослушать запись.

Why does not Michael Mitchell do anything to advertise his inns?

- 1) They are close to local places of interest.
- 2) They are not far from city centers.
- 3) They are situated around London.

Пояснение.

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Presenter: Thank you, Michael.

Michael Mitchell: Pleasure.

You see, I do not have to as the inns are generally located in places worth visiting and many are close to enchanting walks.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 1

Задание 6 № 342 тип 6

Вы услышите репортаж дважды. Выберите правильный ответ 1, 2 или 3.

Нажмите кнопку [4956.mp3](#), чтобы прослушать запись.

What is typical of all the Vintage Inns?

- 1) Traditional old style.

- 2) Victorian design.
- 3) Good food and atmosphere.

Пояснение.

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Presenter: Thank you, Michael.

Michael Mitchell: Pleasure.

All our inns will definitely offer the same high quality menu and standards of service.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 3

Задание 7 № 343 тип 7

Вы услышите репортаж дважды. Выберите правильный ответ 1, 2 или 3.

Нажмите кнопку [4956.mp3](#), чтобы прослушать запись.

According to Michael Mitchell, Vintage Inns menus

- 1) preserve traditional style in cooking.
- 2) modernize traditional dishes.
- 3) offer mainly international food.

Пояснение.

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Presenter: Thank you, Michael.

Michael Mitchell: Pleasure.

What we offer is best described as leaning towards traditional home style cooking but with a contemporary twist.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 2

Задание 8 № 344 тип 8

Вы услышите репортаж дважды. Выберите правильный ответ 1, 2 или 3.

Нажмите кнопку [4956.mp3](#), чтобы прослушать запись.

When is the menu likely to be more varied?

- 1) Saturdays.
- 2) Weekdays.
- 3) Sundays.

Пояснение.

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Michael Mitchell: Well, on working days at lunch time you can choose anything from a range of sandwiches to full three-course meals. Our evening meals also offer lighter choices but includes fish, chicken, pasta, salads, steaks and pies too. On Sundays we include a choice of traditional roasts and puddings.

Presenter: What is your booking policy? You must have a long line of people wishing to visit your places!

Michael Mitchell: I know many people prefer to book for their Friday dinner well beforehand. Nevertheless, in fact, at Vintage Inns you cannot book! That is because we are always ready to welcome you — seven days a week. Just turn up and we will make you feel welcome, even if you choose to come at the busiest time. As soon as a table is vacant, you can have it.

Presenter: Thank you, Michael.

Michael Mitchell: Pleasure.

On Sundays we include a choice of traditional roasts and puddings.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 3

Задание 9 № 345 тип 9

Вы услышите репортаж дважды. Выберите правильный ответ 1, 2 или 3.

Нажмите кнопку [4956.mp3](#), чтобы прослушать запись.

What is the booking policy of Vintage Inns?

- 1) It is not an accepted practice there.
- 2) You need to book well in advance.
- 3) Booking is possible only on Fridays.

Пояснение.

Presenter: With us in the studio today we have the owner of famous British Vintage Inns. Good afternoon, Mr. Mitchell.

Michael Mitchell: Good afternoon, but, please, call me Michael.

Presenter: So, Michael, what is so special about Vintage Inns for Englishmen or tourists?

Michael Mitchell: I must say one of our greatest advantages is that we are in really prime places. Imagine a summer's day, a river gently flowing past as you enjoy a light lunch or an evening meal with friends. Or, maybe, it is winter and you sit in front of a log fire. Our inns are always in a quaint village in the heart of the English countryside which makes it attractive for both nostalgic British people and enthusiastic tourists.

Presenter: As I understand, most of your inns have their own gardens.

Michael Mitchell: Yes, it is certainly true. They are every bit as pleasant as the places the inns are in — ideal for a meal in fine weather, which is, of course, seasonal.

Presenter: Still, competition is high in your sphere. Being not so close to centers of big cities, what do you do to make sure people will drive specially to you?

12 Англ. яз., 25 нар.

Michael Mitchell: Actually, I do nothing special to attract potential customers. You see, I do not have to as the inns are generally located in places worth visiting and many are close to enchanting walks. Very often there is a Vintage Inn close to a stately home or a historic village or another tourist attraction. What could be a better way to spend a day off with your family? Even London pubs cannot offer this.

Presenter: Any chain store risks becoming boring for clients as they all look exactly the same. What do you think about this opinion?

Michael Mitchell: I'd like to say that every Vintage Inn is different, but they are all the same. All our inns will definitely offer the same high quality menu and standards of service. All our landlords and ladies share the same passion for 'getting it right'. However, each Vintage Inn has its own unique character. You will discover thatched roofs, soft, natural slate, buildings of hewn stone. There are Tudor, Georgian, Victorian and many more styles of architecture, including modern ones.

Presenter: What about food in Vintage Inns?

Michael Mitchell: What we offer is best described as leaning towards traditional home style cooking but with a contemporary twist. Still, we do allow the best of great food from around the world to add a little influence on what we do. Many of our dishes are our own creation — and all dishes are designed to look tempting and great on the plate.

Presenter: Is there a difference between an afternoon menu and an evening one?

Michael Mitchell: Well, on working days at lunch time you can choose anything from a range of sandwiches to full three-course meals. Our evening meals also offer lighter choices but includes fish, chicken, pasta, salads, steaks and pies too. On Sundays we include a choice of traditional roasts and puddings.

Presenter: What is your booking policy? You must have a long line of people wishing to visit your places!

Michael Mitchell: I know many people prefer to book for their Friday dinner well beforehand. Nevertheless, in fact, at Vintage Inns you cannot book! That is because we are always ready to welcome you — seven days a week. Just turn up and we will make you feel welcome, even if you choose to come at the busiest time. As soon as a table is vacant, you can have it.

Presenter: Thank you, Michael.

Michael Mitchell: Pleasure.

Nevertheless, in fact, at Vintage Inns you cannot book!

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 1

Задание 10 № 453 тип 10

Установите соответствие между заголовками 1–8 и текстами А–Г. Запишите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру только один раз. В задании есть один лишний заголовок.

1. The House of Commons
2. Parliamentary Procedure
3. The House of Lords
4. Westminster
5. The System of Government
6. Parliamentary Committees
7. Whitehall
8. The Crown

A. Her Majesty's Government, in spite of its name, derives its authority and power from its party representation in Parliament. Parliament is housed in the Palace of Westminster, once a home of the monarchy. Like the monarchy, Parliament is an ancient institution, dating from the middle of the thirteenth century. Parliament is the seat of British democracy, but it is perhaps valuable to remember that while the House of Lords was created in order to provide a council of the nobility for the king, the Commons were summoned originally in order to provide the king with money.

B. The reigning monarch is not only head of state but symbol of the unity of the nation. The monarchy is Britain's oldest secular institution, its continuity for over a thousand years broken only once by a republic that lasted a mere eleven years (1649-60). The monarchy is hereditary, the succession passing automatically to the oldest male child, or in the absence of males to the oldest female offspring of the monarch. In law the monarch is head of the executive and of the judiciary, head of the Church of England, and commander-in-chief of the armed forces.

C. The dynamic power of Parliament lies in its lower chamber. Of its 650 members, 523 represent constituencies in England, 38 in Wales, 72 in Scotland and 17 in Northern Ireland. There are only seats in the Commons debating chamber for 370 members, but except on matters of great interest, it is unusual for all members to be present at any one time. Many MPs find themselves in other rooms of the Commons, participating in a variety of committees and meetings necessary for an effective parliamentary process.

D. Britain is a democracy, yet its people are not, as one might expect in a democracy, constitutionally in control of the state. The constitutional situation is an apparently contradictory one. As a result of a historical process the people of Britain are subjects of the Crown, accepting the Queen as the head of the state. Yet even the Queen is not sovereign in any substantial sense since she receives her authority from Parliament, and is subject to its direction in almost all matters. This curious situation came about as a result of a long struggle for power between the Crown and Parliament during the sixteenth and the seventeenth centuries.

E. Her Majesty's Government governs in the name of the Queen, and its hub, Downing Street, lies in Whitehall, a short walk from Parliament. Following a general election, the Queen invites the leader of the majority party represented in the Commons, to form a government on her behalf. Government ministers are invariably members of the House of Commons, but infrequently members of the House of Lords are appointed. All government members continue to represent "constituencies" which elected them.

F. Each parliamentary session begins with the "State Opening of Parliament", a ceremonial occasion in which the Queen proceeds from Buckingham Palace to the Palace of Westminster where she delivers the Queen's Speech from her throne in the House of Lords. Her speech is drafted by her government, and describes what the government intends to implement during the forthcoming session. Leading members of the Commons may hear the speech from the far end of the chamber, but are not allowed to enter the House of Lords.

G. The upper chamber of Parliament is not democratic in any sense at all. It consists of four categories of peer. The majority are hereditary peers, a total of almost 800, but of whom only about half take an active interest in the affairs of the state. A smaller number, between 350 and 400, are "life" peers – an idea introduced in 1958 to elevate to the peerage certain people who rendered political or public service to the nation. The purpose was not only to honour but also to enhance the quality of business done in the Lords.

Текст	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Заголовок							

Пояснение.

A–4: Parliament is housed in the Palace of Westminster, once a home of the monarchy.

B–8: The reigning monarch is not only head of state but symbol of the unity of the nation.

C–1: There are only seats in the Commons debating chamber for 370 members, but except on matters of great interest, it is unusual for all members to be present at any one time.

D–5: As a result of a historical process the people of Britain are subjects of the Crown, accepting the Queen as the head of the state.

E–7: ... lies in Whitehall, a short walk from Parliament.

F–2: ... a ceremonial occasion in which the Queen proceeds from Buckingham Palace to the Palace of Westminster where she delivers the Queen's Speech from her throne in the House of Lords.

G–3: The upper chamber of Parliament is not democratic in any sense at all. It consists of four categories of peer.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 4815723

Задание 11 № 684 тип 11

Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски A–F частями предложений, обозначенными цифрами 1–7. Одна из частей в списке 1–7 — лишняя. Занесите цифры, обозначающие соответствующие части предложений, в таблицу.

Laughing and evolution

The first hoots of laughter from an ancient ancestor of humans could be heard at least 10 million years ago, according to the results of a new study. Researchers used recordings of apes and babies being tickled **A** _____ to the last common ancestor that humans shared with the modern great apes, which include chimpanzees, gorillas and orangutans.

The finding challenges the opinion **B** _____, suggesting instead that it emerged long before humans split from the evolutionary path that led to our primate cousins, between 10m and 16m years ago.

"In humans, laughing can be the strongest way of expressing how much we are enjoying ourselves, but it can also be used in other contexts, like making fun of someone," said Marina Davila Ross, a psychologist at Portsmouth University. "I was interested in **C** _____."

Davila Ross travelled to seven zoos around Europe and visited a wildlife reserve in Sabah, Borneo, to record baby and juvenile apes **D** _____. Great apes are known to make noises that are similar to laughter when they are excited and while they are playing with each other.

Davila Ross collected recordings of laughter from 21 chimps, gorillas, orangutans and bonobos and added recordings of three babies that were tickled to make them laugh.

To analyze the recordings, the team put them into a computer program. "Our evolutionary tree based on these acoustic recordings alone showed **E** _____, but furthest from orangutans, with gorillas somewhere in the middle," said Davila Ross. "What this shows is strong evidence to suggest **F** _____."

1. whether laughing emerged earlier on than humans did
2. to create the evolutionary tree linking humans and apes
3. that laughter is a uniquely human trait
4. that humans were closest to chimps and bonobos
5. that laughing comes from a common primate ancestor
6. while their caretakers tickled them
7. to trace the origin of laughter back

Пропуск	A	B	C	D	E	F
Часть предложения						

Пояснение.

- A–7: trickled to... back to... (ответ по смыслу и по грамматическим структурам).
 B–3: opinion that laughter... (по переводу и по структуре).
 C–1: was interested in whether... (единственно подходящий выбор из предложенных).
 D–6: записать их в то время как (пока)...
 E–4: showed that... и по переводу.
 F–5: to suggest that... и по переводу (вывод).

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 731645

Задание 12 № 484 тип 12

Прочитайте рассказ и выполните задания A15 – A21, отмечая цифру 1, 2, 3 или 4, соответствующую номеру выбранного вами варианта ответа.

The Courtship of Susan Bell

Mrs. Bell invited Aaron Houston, a famous British artist, to paint her younger daughter's portrait. Aaron wanted to make a few drawings before he started a portrait. On the Thursday evening the drawing was finished. Not a word had been said because the girls were shy to speak in Aaron's presence and he had gone on working in silence. "There," said he, "I don't think that it will be any better if I go on for another hour. I hope you will like it. There, Miss Susan", and he sent it across the table with his fingers.

Susan's face got red, she was embarrassed. She took the drawing and said, "Oh, it's beautiful". The superb originality of the drawing captivated her. A young girl was represented sitting at a table in a room filled with fresh air and the soft light of a summer day. The greenery of an old overgrown garden could be seen through the window. In front of her on the white tablecloth there was her book. The eyes of the girl looked out at you, dark grey, mysterious, sad, languorous, yet strangely intent. What was the girl thinking about? Who was the girl thinking about? The drawing was more than a portrait. It fact, the artist tackled a far bigger job than that of reproducing a definite person in portraiture and in performing which he imparted another and bigger content.

Susan's face revealed her feelings. She turned to her mother and said, "Isn't it beautifully done, mother?" and then her elder sister and her mother got up to look at it, and both admitted that it was beautifully done but Susan felt there was doubt in her mother's voice.

"We thank you very much," said Susan after a long pause.

"Oh, it's nothing", said he, not quite liking the word "we".

On the following day he returned from his work to Saratoga about noon. He had never done this before, and therefore no one expected that he would be seen in the house before the evening. On this occasion, however, he went straight there, and by chance both the widow and her elder daughter were out. Susan was there alone in charge of the house.

He walked in and opened the sitting-room door. There she sat, with her knitting and a book forgotten on the table behind her, and Aaron's drawing, on her lap. She was looking at it closely as he entered.

"Oh, Mr. Dunn," she said, getting up and holding the picture behind her dress.

"Miss Susan, I have come here to tell your mother that I must start for New York this afternoon and be there for six weeks, or perhaps, longer."

"Mother is out," she said. "I am sorry."

"Is she?" said Aaron.

"And Hetta too. Dear me! And you will want dinner. I'll go and see about it."

Aaron began to swear that he could not possibly eat any dinner.

"But you must have something, Mr. Dunn" she said.

"Miss Susan," said he, "I've been here nearly two months."

"Yes, sir," Susan said, hardly knowing what she was saying.

"I'm going away now, and it seems to be such a long time before I'll come back." And then he paused, looking into her eyes, to see what he could read there. She leant against the table; but her eyes were turned to the ground, and he could hardly see them.

"Will you help me?" he said. She was keeping silent. "Miss Susan," he continued, "I am not very good at saying things like this, but will you marry me? I love you dearly with all my heart. I never saw anyone so beautiful, so nice, so good." And then he stopped. He didn't ask for any love in return. He simply declared his feelings, leaning against the door. Susan remained silent. Aaron ran out of the room.

The girls kept silent because they

- 1) didn't like to speak to Aaron.

- 2) didn't know what to say to Aaron.
- 3) were afraid to speak in their mother's presence.
- 4) were too modest to speak in the guest's presence.

Пояснение.

Not a word had been said because the girls were shy to speak in Aaron's presence and he had gone on working in silence.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 4

Задание 13 № 485 тип 13

Прочитайте рассказ и выполните задания A15 – A21, отмечая цифру 1, 2, 3 или 4, соответствующую номеру выбранного вами варианта ответа.

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Susan's face revealed her feelings. She turned to her mother and said, "Isn't it beautifully done, mother?" and then her elder sister and her mother got up to look at it, and both admitted that it was beautifully done but Susan felt there was doubt in her mother's voice.

"We thank you very much," said Susan after a long pause.

"Oh, it's nothing", said he, not quite liking the word "we".

On the following day he returned from his work to Saratoga about noon. He had never done this before, and therefore no one expected that he would be seen in the house before the evening. On this occasion, however, he went straight there, and by chance both the widow and her elder daughter were out. Susan was there alone in charge of the house.

He walked in and opened the sitting-room door. There she sat, with her knitting and a book forgotten on the table behind her, and Aaron's drawing, on her lap. She was looking at it closely as he entered.

"Oh, Mr. Dunn," she said, getting up and holding the picture behind her dress.

"Miss Susan, I have come here to tell your mother that I must start for New York this afternoon and be there for six weeks, or perhaps, longer."

"Mother is out," she said. "I am sorry."

"Is she?" said Aaron.

"And Hetta too. Dear me! And you will want dinner. I'll go and see about it."

Aaron began to swear that he could not possibly eat any dinner.

"But you must have something, Mr. Dunn" she said.

"Miss Susan," said he, "I've been here nearly two months."

"Yes, sir," Susan said, hardly knowing what she was saying.

"I'm going away now, and it seems to be such a long time before I'll come back." And then he paused, looking into her eyes, to see what he could read there. She leant against the table; but her eyes were turned to the ground, and he could hardly see them.

"Will you help me?" he said. She was keeping silent. "Miss Susan," he continued, "I am not very good at saying things like this, but will you marry me? I love you dearly with all my heart. I never saw anyone so beautiful, so nice, so good." And then he stopped. He didn't ask for any love in return. He simply declared his feelings, leaning against the door. Susan remained silent. Aaron ran out of the room.

It was a remarkable drawing as it managed to reflect

- 1) some hidden philosophical idea.
- 2) The light of a summer day.
- 3) The peculiarity of the environment.
- 4) all the nuances of the girl's features.

Пояснение.

It fact, the artist tackled a far bigger job than that of reproducing a definite person in portraiture and in performing which he imparted another and bigger content.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 1

Задание 14 № 486 тип 14

When Susan's mother saw the drawing, she

- 1) remained indifferent.
- 2) showed her disapproval.
- 3) she wasn't sure how to react.
- 4) shared her daughter's admiration.

Пояснение.

And her mother got up to look at it, and both admitted that it was beautifully done but Susan felt there was doubt in her mother's voice.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 3

Задание 15 № 487 тип 15

Прочитайте рассказ и выполните задания A15 – A21, отмечая цифру 1, 2, 3 или 4, соответствующую номеру выбранного вами варианта ответа.

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The phrase "not quite liking the word "we" means that the painter

- 1) wanted Susan's sister to admire his work.
- 2) wanted the mother to thank him personally.
- 3) expected all the present ladies to say something.
- 4) was mainly concerned about the girl's approval.

Пояснение.

We thank you very much," said Susan after a long pause. "Oh, it's nothing", said he, not quite liking the word "we".

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 4

Задание 16 № 488 тип 16

What was unusual about Aaron's visit on the following day? He came

- 1) later than usual.
- 2) earlier than usual.
- 3) straight from Saragota.
- 4) without prior arrangement.

Пояснение.

On the following day he returned from his work to Saratoga about noon.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 2

Задание 17 № 489 тип 17

Прочитайте рассказ и выполните задания A15 – A21, отмечая цифру 1, 2, 3 или 4, соответствующую номеру выбранного вами варианта ответа.

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Susan was alone at home

- 1) by pure chance.
- 2) because Aaron had arranged it.
- 3) regularly at this time of the day.
- 4) because she expected Aaron to come.

Пояснение.

Susan was there alone in charge of the house.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 1

Задание 18 № 490 тип 18

When Aaron asked Susan to marry him he

- 1) was sure that she loved him.
- 2) just wanted to open his heart to her.
- 3) wanted to make sure that she loved him.
- 4) expected her to go with him to New York.

Пояснение.

"Miss Susan," he continued, "I am not very good at saying things like this, but will you marry me? I love you dearly with all my heart. I never saw anyone so beautiful, so nice, so good."

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 2

Задание 19 № 1927 тип 19

*Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **CHOOSE** так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.*

Alaska flag

Do you know any kids' inventions? One of them is 13-year-old Bennie Benson from the USA, who designed the state flag of Alaska in 1926. His design _____ in a flag-designing contest.

Пояснение.

Was chosen – P.S. Passive.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: was chosen

Задание 20 № 1928 тип 20

*Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **LATE** так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.*

_____, in 1959, it became the official flag of Alaska. The blue background is for the sky and the forget-me-not, the state flower.

Пояснение.

Later — позже.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: later

Задание 21 № 1929 тип 21

Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **CALL** так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.

The flag also has the Big Dipper (a symbol of strength) and the North Star (also _____ Polaris), which represents Alaska's northern location.

Пояснение.

Called — названная.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: called

Задание 22 № 1930 тип 22

Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **WIN** так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.

For a prize Bennie _____ a \$1000 scholarship and a watch.

Пояснение.

По смыслу подходит Past Simple, временных указателей нет. Ответ - won.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: won

Задание 23 № 1931 тип 23

Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **ONE** так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.

Camping

This year we decided to go on a camping trip. It was our _____ experience.

Пояснение.

One — the first — порядковое числительное.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: first

Задание 24 № 1932 тип 24

Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **PACK** так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.

We started _____ a month before the trip.

Пояснение.

Started to V — to pack. другой вариант started + Ving (packing).

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: to pack

Задание 25 № 1933 тип 25

Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **NOT KNOW** так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.

When our neighbor saw the assortment of boxes, bins and gear strapped to our car's roof rack, she came rushing over. «Oh!» she exclaimed. «I _____ you were leaving! I'm so glad I got to see you before you moved!»

Пояснение.

Past Simple – did not know.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: did not know

Задание 26 № 462 тип 26

Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **MARVEL** так, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста.

The Opening Night

The Phantom of the Opera, Cats, Mama Mia... They are all stage musicals. The opening night of a new musical is always a _____ event.

Пояснение.

Прилагательное перед существительным — великолепное событие.
Ответ - marvelous или marvellous.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: marvellous

Задание 27 № 463 тип 27

Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **PREPARE** так, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста.

After years of _____ and weeks of rehearsals the production has to be ready for the public and the critics.

Пояснение.

После многих лет подготовки (существительное) — preparation.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: preparation

Задание 28 № 464 тип 28

Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **PERFORM** так, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста.

First nights usually start earlier than the regular _____ so that the critics can write their reviews in time to include them in the next morning's newspapers.

Пояснение.

После прилагательного должно быть существительное — представление. Множественное число также применимо.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: performance

Задание 29 № 465 тип 29

Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **FRIGHT** так, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста.

The critics are the most _____ people on the first night because their opinions will either help make the show a hit or force it to close.

Пояснение.

Превосходная степень прилагательного и уже есть часть конструкции, по смыслу должно быть the most frightful или the most frightening.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: frightful

Задание 30 № 466 тип 30

Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **PHOTOGRAPH** так, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста.

The rest of the audience on the first night is usually made up of friends of the cast and famous celebrities. The celebrities attract newspaper _____ and help give the musical maximum

publicity.

Пояснение.

Привлекают кого? — фотографов: множественное число (профессия).

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: photographers

Задание 31 № 467 тип 31

*Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **PROBABLE** так, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста.*

There will also be some admirers there who will _____ be more nervous than the performers.

And then after the curtain has come down and the show is over, there's the opening night party.

Пояснение.

Наречие: которые возможно будут...

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: probably

Задание 32 № 1963 тип 32

Alexander

Sir Alexander Heathcote was an exact man. 32 _____ people were like him. He was exactly six feet three-and-a-quarter inches tall, rose at seven o'clock every morning, joined his wife at breakfast to eat one boiled egg cooked for precisely four minutes, two pieces of toast with one spoonful of Cooper's marmalade, and drink one cup of China tea. He used to take a carriage from his home in Cadogan Gardens at exactly 8:20 and 33 _____ at the Foreign Office at promptly 8:59, returning home again on the stroke of six o'clock.

Sir Alexander had been exact from an early age, as he was the only son of a general. But, unlike his father, he chose to serve his queen in the diplomatic service, another exacting calling. He 34 _____ in progressing from a shared desk at the Foreign Office in Whitehall to third secretary in Calcutta to minister in Peking. He was delighted when Mr. Gladstone 35 _____ the opportunity to represent the government in China. For some time he had been 36 _____ in the art of the Ming dynasty. This appointment would present him a perfect chance of 37 _____ in their natural habitat some of the great statues, paintings and drawings he had previously been able to admire only in books.

When he arrived in Beijing, Her Imperial Highness wished him a successful term of office in his appointment and then the audience 38 _____ to an end.

Вставьте пропущенное слово:

- 1) Few
- 2) Much
- 3) Little
- 4) Many

Пояснение.

Few — with countable noun people — (немногие люди были похожи на него).

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 1

Задание 33 № 1964 тип 33

Alexander

Sir Alexander Heathcote was an exact man. 32 _____ people were like him. He was exactly six feet three-and-a-quarter inches tall, rose at seven o'clock every morning, joined his wife at breakfast to eat one boiled egg cooked for precisely four minutes, two pieces of toast with one spoonful of Cooper's marmalade, and drink one cup of China tea. He used to take a carriage from his home in Cadogan Gardens at exactly 8:20 and 33 _____ at the Foreign Office at promptly 8:59, returning home again on the stroke of six o'clock.

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When he arrived in Beijing, Her Imperial Highness wished him a successful term of office in his appointment and then the audience 38 _____ to an end.

Вставьте пропущенное слово:

- 1) reach
- 2) enter
- 3) arrive
- 4) come

Пояснение.

Arrive at.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 3

Задание 34 № 1965 тип 34

Вставьте пропущенное слово:

- 1) fulfilled
- 2) achieved
- 3) managed
- 4) succeeded

Пояснение.

Succeeded in.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 4

Задание 35 № 1966 тип 35

Alexander

Sir Alexander Heathcote was an exact man. 32 _____ people were like him. He was exactly six feet three-and-a-quarter inches tall, rose at seven o'clock every morning, joined his wife at breakfast to eat one boiled egg cooked for precisely four minutes, two pieces of toast with one spoonful of Cooper's marmalade, and drink one cup of China tea. He used to take a carriage from his home in Cadogan Gardens at exactly 8:20 and 33 _____ at the Foreign Office at promptly 8:59, returning home again on the stroke of six o'clock.

Sir Alexander had been exact from an early age, as he was the only son of a general. But, unlike his father, he chose to serve his queen in the diplomatic service, another exacting calling. He 34 _____ in progressing from a shared desk at the Foreign Office in Whitehall to third secretary in Calcutta to minister in Peking. He was delighted when Mr. Gladstone 35 _____ the opportunity to represent the government in China. For some time he had been 36 _____ in the art of the Ming dynasty. This appointment would present him a perfect chance of 37 _____ in their natural habitat some of the great statues, paintings and drawings he had previously been able to admire only in books.

When he arrived in Beijing, Her Imperial Highness wished him a successful term of office in his appointment and then the audience 38 _____ to an end.

Вставьте пропущенное слово:

- 1) approached
- 2) proposed
- 3) offered

4) suggested

Пояснение.

Offered the opportunity...

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 3

Задание 36 № 1967 тип 36

Вставьте пропущенное слово:

- 1) fond
- 2) interested
- 3) involved
- 4) keen

Пояснение.

Interested in...

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 2

Задание 37 № 1968 тип 37

Alexander

Sir Alexander Heathcote was an exact man. 32 _____ people were like him. He was exactly six feet three-and-a-quarter inches tall, rose at seven o'clock every morning, joined his wife at breakfast to eat one boiled egg cooked for precisely four minutes, two pieces of toast with one spoonful of Cooper's marmalade, and drink one cup of China tea. He used to take a carriage from his home in Cadogan Gardens at exactly 8:20 and 33 _____ at the Foreign Office at promptly 8:59, returning home again on the stroke of six o'clock.

Sir Alexander had been exact from an early age, as he was the only son of a general. But, unlike his father, he chose to serve his queen in the diplomatic service, another exacting calling. He 34 _____ in progressing from a shared desk at the Foreign Office in Whitehall to third secretary in Calcutta to minister in Peking. He was delighted when Mr. Gladstone 35 _____ the opportunity to represent the government in China. For some time he had been 36 _____ in the art of the Ming dynasty. This appointment would present him a perfect chance of 37 _____ in their natural habitat some of the great statues, paintings and drawings he had previously been able to admire only in books.

When he arrived in Beijing, Her Imperial Highness wished him a successful term of office in his appointment and then the audience 38 _____ to an end.

Вставьте пропущенное слово:

- 1) remarking
- 2) observing
- 3) noticing
- 4) looking

Пояснение.

Observing in — наблюдал.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 2

Задание 38 № 1969 тип 38

Alexander

Sir Alexander Heathcote was an exact man. 32 _____ people were like him. He was exactly six feet three-and-a-quarter inches tall, rose at seven o'clock every morning, joined his wife at breakfast to eat one boiled egg cooked for precisely four minutes, two pieces of toast with one spoonful of Cooper's marmalade, and drink one cup of China tea. He used to take a carriage from his home in Cadogan Gardens at exactly 8:20 and 33 _____ at the Foreign Office at promptly 8:59, returning home again on the stroke of six o'clock.

Sir Alexander had been exact from an early age, as he was the only son of a general. But, unlike his father, he chose to serve his queen in the diplomatic service, another exacting calling. He 34 _____ in progressing from a shared desk at the Foreign Office in Whitehall to third secretary in Calcutta to minister in Peking. He was delighted when Mr. Gladstone 35 _____ the opportunity to represent the government in China. For some time he had been 36 _____ in the art of the Ming dynasty. This appointment would present him a perfect chance of 37 _____ in their natural habitat some of the great statues, paintings and drawings he had previously been able to admire only in books.

When he arrived in Beijing, Her Imperial Highness wished him a successful term of office in his appointment and then the audience 38 _____ to an end.

Вставьте пропущенное слово:

- 1) came
- 2) brought
- 3) went
- 4) got

Пояснение.

Come to an end.

Ваш ответ: *нет ответа*. Правильный ответ: 1

Задание С1 № 928

Критерий	Критерии оценивания ответа на задание С1	Баллы
К1	Решение коммуникативной задачи	
	Задание выполнено полностью: содержание отражает все аспекты, указанные в задании (даны полные ответы на все вопросы, заданы три вопроса по указанной теме); стиливое оформление речи выбрано правильно с учетом цели высказывания и адресата; соблюдены принятые в языке нормы вежливости	2
	Задание выполнено не полностью: содержание отражает не все аспекты, указанные в задании (более одного аспекта раскрыто не полностью, или один аспект полностью отсутствует); встречаются нарушения стиливое оформления речи или/и принятых в языке норм вежливости	1
	Задание не выполнено: содержание не отражает тех аспектов, которые указаны в задании, или/и не соответствует требуемому объёму	0
К2	Организация текста	
	Высказывание логично; средства логической связи использованы правильно; текст верно разделён на абзацы; структурное оформление текста соответствует нормам, принятым в стране изучаемого языка	2
	Высказывание не всегда логично; имеются недостатки/ошибки в использовании средств логической связи, их выбор ограничен; деление текста на абзацы нелогично/отсутствует; имеются отдельные нарушения принятых норм оформления личного письма	1
	Отсутствует логика в построении высказывания; принятые нормы оформления личного письма не соблюдаются	0
К3	Языковое оформление текста	
	Используемый словарный запас и грамматические структуры соответствуют поставленной задаче; орфографические и пунктуационные ошибки практически отсутствуют (допускается не более 2 негрубых лексико-грамматических ошибок или/и не более 2 негрубых орфографических и пунктуационных ошибок)	2
	Имеются лексические и грамматические ошибки, не затрудняющие понимания текста; имеются орфографические и пунктуационные ошибки, не затрудняющие коммуникации (допускается не более 4 негрубых лексикограмматических ошибок или/и не более 4 негрубых орфографических и пунктуационных ошибок)	1
	Понимание текста затруднено из-за множества лексико-грамматических ошибок	0
Максимальное количество баллов		6

You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen-friend Edward who writes:

... I'm going to do a project on hobbies in different countries. Could you help me? Do you think that different nations have different hobbies? Can you give examples? What interesting hobbies do Russians have? What hobbies do members of your family have?

As for the latest news, I have just passed my last exam...

Write a letter to Edward. In your letter answer her questions, ask 3 questions about his exams. Write 100—140 words. Remember the rules of letter writing. You have 20 minutes to do this task.

Пояснение.

St. Petersburg, Russia
November, 30

Dear Edward,

Thank you for your letter. I'm sorry for not writing you for so long. I was busy preparing to a school project.

Of course I can help you with your project! I believe that hobbies are different in each country and each nation, though sometimes they can remind one another. Firstly, I think that a lot depends on the weather and climate. For example, in Russia winter kinds of sport such as snowboarding, skiing or ice-skating are popular, because winters are usually cold and snowy. But also there are many hobbies that aren't connected with sports, for example, my sister collects postcards, my grandma collects magnets and my dad – ancient coins.

Anyway, it's very great that you passed an exam. How many exams did you have this year? Which subjects did you choose? How much time do you usually spend to prepare for one exam?

I've got to go as my friend is asking me for help.

Write back soon.

Best wishes,

Bob

Задание C2 № 3214

Критерий	Критерии оценивания ответа на задание C2	Баллы
K1	Решение коммуникативной задачи	
	Задание выполнено полностью: содержание отражает полно и точно все аспекты, указанные в задании; стилевое оформление речи выбрано правильно (допускается 1 нарушение нейтрального стиля)	3
	Задание выполнено в основном: но 1—2 аспекта содержания, указанные в задании, раскрыты не полностью или неточно; стилевое оформление речи в основном правильно (допускается 2—3 нарушения нейтрального стиля)	2
	Задание выполнено не полностью: в содержании не раскрыты 1—2 аспекта, ИЛИ 3—4 аспекта содержания раскрыты неполно или неточно, ИЛИ 1 аспект не раскрыт, и 1—2 аспекта содержания раскрыты неполно или неточно; имеются ошибки в стилевом оформлении речи (допускается 4 нарушения нейтрального стиля)	1
	Задание не выполнено: все случаи, не указанные в оценивании на 1, 2 и 3 балла, ИЛИ ответ не соответствует требуемому объёму, ИЛИ более 30% ответа имеет непродуктивный характер (т.е. текстуально совпадает с опубликованным источником)	0
K2	Организация текста	
	Высказывание логично; средства логической связи использованы правильно; структура текста соответствует предложенному плану; текст правильно разделён на абзацы	3
	Высказывание в основном логично (имеются 1—2 логические ошибки), И/ИЛИ имеются 1—2	2

	недостатка при использовании средств логической связи, И/ИЛИ имеются 1—2 отклонения от плана в структуре высказывания, И/ИЛИ имеются 1—2 недостатка при делении текста на абзацы	
	В высказывании имеются 3—4 логические ошибки, И/ИЛИ имеются 3—4 ошибки в использовании средств логической связи, И/ИЛИ имеются 3—4 отклонения от предложенного плана; имеются 3—4 недостатка в делении текста на абзацы	1
	В высказывании имеются 5 и более логических ошибок, И/ИЛИ имеются 5 и более ошибок в использовании средств логической связи, И/ИЛИ предложенный план ответа полностью не соблюдается, И/ИЛИ деление текста на абзацы отсутствует	0
К3	Лексика	
	Используемый словарный запас соответствует высокому уровню сложности задания; практически нет нарушений в использовании лексики (допускается 1 лексическая ошибка)	3
	Используемый словарный запас соответствует высокому уровню сложности задания, однако встречаются 2—3 лексические ошибки, ИЛИ словарный запас ограничен, но лексика использована правильно	2
	Используемый словарный запас не вполне соответствует высокому уровню сложности задания, в тексте имеются 4 лексические ошибки	1
	Используемый словарный запас не соответствует высокому уровню сложности задания, в тексте имеются 5 и более лексических ошибок	0
К4	Грамматика	
	Используемые грамматические средства соответствуют высокому уровню сложности задания, нарушений практически нет (допускаются 1—2 не повторяющиеся грамматические ошибки)	3
	Используемые грамматические средства соответствуют высокому уровню сложности задания, однако в тексте имеются 3—4 грамматические ошибки	2
	Используемые грамматические средства не вполне соответствуют высокому уровню сложности задания, в тексте имеются 5—7 грамматических ошибок	1
	Используемые грамматические средства не соответствуют высокому уровню сложности задания, имеются 8 и более грамматических ошибок	0
К5	Орфография и пунктуация	
	Орфографические ошибки практически отсутствуют. Текст разделён на предложения с правильным пунктуационным оформлением (допускаются 1 орфографическая И/ИЛИ 1 пунктуационная ошибка)	2
	В тексте имеются 2—4 орфографические И/ИЛИ пунктуационные ошибки	1
	В тексте имеются 5 и более орфографических И/	0

ИЛИ пунктуационных ошибок	
Максимальное количество баллов	14

Выберите только **ОДНО** из двух предложенных высказываний и выразите своё мнение по предложенной проблеме согласно данному плану.

Comment on one of the following statements.

- It's not right to be strict with little children.*
- It is wrong to make pupils read a lot in summer.*

What is your opinion? Do you agree with this statement? Write 200–250 words. Use the following plan:

- make an introduction (state the problem)
- express your personal opinion and give 2–3 reasons for your opinion
- express an opposing opinion and give 1–2 reasons for this opposing opinion
- explain why you don't agree with the opposing opinion
- make a conclusion restating your position

Пояснение.

Nowadays some people believe that being strict with little children is a right thing. That it is the only way to form their personalities correctly. Others argue it is unnecessary to put very little children under pressure. They also believe that every child can learn how to act, what is wrong and what is right by himself.

I can't say that I strongly support any of these ideas. I don't feel that I have enough knowledge to judge parents until I become a parent by myself. First of all, a strict training should always be in place. I believe that parents should not ask too much from children. Children are usually very inattentive and restless. I believe that children shouldn't be blamed and punished for the inability of doing everything correctly and consciously, as adults do.

However, some people have another opinion. The stricter you bring up your child, the easier it is to live. The child is taught obedience, good behavior, eliminate laziness and self-indulgence. Of course, lazy and spoiled child — a problem even bigger than a child frightened and afraid of committing any wrongdoing. However, also important the attitude that you want to instill in your child. Fear or love and respect?

To sum up, I want to say that being a parent is a very hard work and none of us, young people can easily talk about it and choose what is right and what is wrong, until we have our own children.

Задание С3 № 3373

Критерии оценивания ответа на задание С3	Баллы
Фонетическая сторона речи	
Речь воспринимается легко: необоснованные паузы отсутствуют; фразовое ударение и интонационные контуры, произношение слов без нарушений нормы: допускается не более пяти фонетических ошибок, в том числе одна-две ошибки, искажающие смысл	1
Речь воспринимается с трудом из-за большого количества неестественных пауз, запинок, неверной расстановки ударений и ошибок в произношении слов, ИЛИ сделано более пяти фонетических ошибок, ИЛИ сделано три и более фонетических ошибок, искажающих смысл.	0
<i>Максимальное количество баллов</i>	1

Imagine that you are preparing a project with your friend. You have found some interesting material for the presentation and you want to read this text to your friend. You have 1.5 minutes to read the text silently, then be ready to read it out aloud. You will not have more than 1.5 minutes to read it.

People have enjoyed sports for thousands of years. Children, men and women play sports both for pleasure and for challenge. Every sport involves physical skill. Every sport has a set of rules that the players of the sport follow. In some sports one person competes against other individuals. Examples of these sports include boxing, tennis and so on. In many games one team competes against the other team.

People can go in for winter and summer sports. Summer sports are typical for warmer countries. Those who live in regions that experience cold winters have long enjoyed ice skating, skiing, and sledding. These

activities have grown immensely in popularity over the years. Today thousands of resorts cater to the winter tourist trade, and millions of people each year take winter sports vacations.

Пояснение.

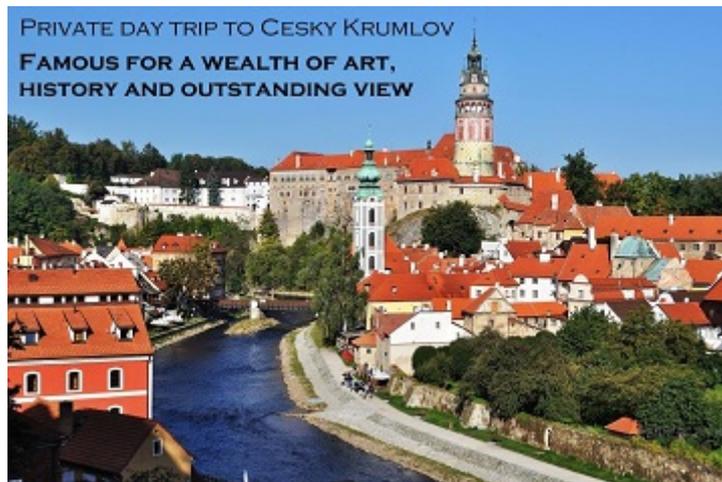
Полезно вначале прочитать текст задания про себя; выделить трудные для произношения слова; разметить интонацию; прочитать текст шепотом, а потом вслух, обращая внимание на слитность и беглость речи.

Читая текст, избегайте необоснованных пауз в речи, верно расставляйте ударения и правильно используйте интонацию, не нарушайте нормы произношения слов.

Задание С4 № 2773

Критерии оценивания ответа на задание С4	Баллы
Вопросы 1–5	
Вопрос по содержанию отвечает поставленной задаче; имеет правильную грамматическую форму прямого вопроса; возможные фонетические и лексические погрешности не затрудняют восприятия	1
Вопрос не задан, или заданный вопрос по содержанию не отвечает поставленной задаче И/ИЛИ не имеет правильной грамматической формы прямого вопроса И/ИЛИ фонетические и лексические ошибки препятствуют коммуникации.	0
<i>Максимальное количество баллов</i>	5

Study the advertisement.



You are considering visiting the Cesky Krumlov city and you'd like to get more information. In 1.5 minutes you are to ask five direct questions to find out the following:

- 1) the most popular sights of the city
- 2) price for the family of three
- 3) recommendations
- 4) services that they provide during the trip
- 5) number of people in the trip

You have 20 seconds to ask each question.

Пояснение.

You could ask following questions:

- 1) What are the most popular sights of the city?
- 2) How much does the trip for the family of three cost?
- 3) Do you have any recommendations?
- 4) What services do you provide during the trip?
- 5) How many people are going to be in the trip?

Вопросы должны быть грамматически верными. Избегайте необоснованных пауз в речи, верно расставляйте ударения, правильно используйте интонацию, не нарушайте нормы произношения слов.

Задание С5 № 2823

Критерии оценивания ответа на задание С5	Баллы
Решение коммуникативной задачи (содержание)*	
Коммуникативная задача выполнена полностью: содержание полно, точно и развёрнуто отражает все аспекты, указанные в задании (12-15 фраз).	3
Коммуникативная задача выполнена частично: один аспект не раскрыт (остальные раскрыты полно), ИЛИ один-два раскрыты неполно (9-11 фраз).	2
Коммуникативная задача выполнена не полностью: два аспекта не раскрыты (остальные раскрыты полно), ИЛИ все аспекты раскрыты неполно (6-8 фраз).	1
Коммуникативная задача выполнена менее чем на 50%: три и более аспектов содержания не раскрыты (5 и менее фраз).	0
Организация высказывания	
Высказывание логично и имеет завершённый характер; имеются вступительная и заключительная фразы, соответствующие теме. Средства логической связи используются правильно.	2
Высказывание в основном логично и имеет достаточно завершённый характер, НО отсутствует вступительная И/ИЛИ заключительная фраза, И/ИЛИ средства логической связи используются недостаточно.	1
Высказывание нелогично И/ИЛИ не имеет завершённого характера; вступительная и заключительная фразы отсутствуют; средства логической связи практически не используются.	0
Языковое оформление высказывания	
Используемый словарный запас, грамматические структуры, фонетическое оформление высказывания соответствуют поставленной задаче (допускается не более двух негрубых лексико-грамматических ошибок И/ИЛИ не более двух негрубых фонетических ошибок).	2
Используемый словарный запас, грамматические структуры, фонетическое оформление высказывания в основном соответствуют поставленной задаче (допускается не более четырёх лексико-грамматических ошибок (из них не более двух грубых) ИЛИ/И не более четырёх фонетических ошибок (из них не более двух грубых).	1
Понимание высказывания затруднено из-за многочисленных лексико-грамматических и фонетических ошибок (пять и более лексико-грамматических ошибок И/ИЛИ пять и более фонетических ошибок) ИЛИ более двух грубых ошибок.	0
<i>Максимальное количество баллов</i>	7

*Примечание. При получении экзаменуемым 0 баллов по критерию «Решение коммуникативной задачи» всё задание оценивается в 0 баллов.

These are photos from your photo album. Choose one photo to describe to your friend.



You will have to start speaking in 1.5 minutes and will speak for not more than 2 minutes (12–15 sentences). In your talk remember to speak about:

- where and when the photo was taken
- what/who is in the photo
- what is happening
- why you keep the photo in your album
- why you decided to show the picture to your friend

You have to talk continuously, starting with: "I've chosen photo number ...".

Пояснение.

I've chosen photo number 3. Do you know that I like taking pictures? Friends offered me to go with them on the three week trip and I agreed. I made the photo when we were walking around the city. It was the first day of my trip. We saw many fascinating sights and one of them was that beautiful bridge which you can see in the foreground of the picture. We also visited a local museum which had one of the most extravagant galleries. But I truly enjoyed the architecture. In the photo you can see a lot of lights. On the left of the picture there is a white boat. The sky is very clear. The weather seems to be calm and peaceful. I keep the photo in my album because the view is incredible and I've never seen anything like this in my hometown. Also I wanted to save at least one picture from my trip. I decided to show the picture to you because it would be great if you agreed to go with us to that city next summer. I'm sure that it will be a wonderful trip. Did you like my picture? I hope you did.

Высказывание должно быть логично; содержать вступительную и заключительную фразы, соответствующие теме. Средства логической связи должны быть использованы верно. Необходимо избегать необоснованных пауз в речи, верно расставлять ударения, правильно использовать интонацию, не нарушать нормы произношения слов.

Задание С6 № 3710

Критерии оценивания ответа на задание С6	Баллы
Решение коммуникативной задачи (содержание)*	
Коммуникативная задача выполнена полностью: содержание полно, точно и развёрнуто отражает все аспекты, указанные в задании (12-15 фраз).	3
Коммуникативная задача выполнена частично: один аспект не раскрыт (остальные раскрыты полно), ИЛИ один-два раскрыты неполно (9-11 фраз).	2
Коммуникативная задача выполнена не полностью: два аспекта не раскрыты (остальные раскрыты полно), ИЛИ все аспекты раскрыты неполно (6-8 фраз).	1
Коммуникативная задача выполнена менее чем на 50%: три и более аспектов содержания не раскрыты (5 и менее фраз).	0
Организация высказывания	
Высказывание логично и имеет завершённый характер; имеются вступительная и заключительная фразы, соответствующие теме. Средства логической связи используются правильно.	2
Высказывание в основном логично и имеет достаточно завершённый характер, НО отсутствует вступительная И/ИЛИ заключительная фраза, И/ИЛИ	1

средства логической связи используются недостаточно.	
Высказывание нелогично И/ИЛИ не имеет завершенного характера; вступительная и заключительная фразы отсутствуют; средства логической связи практически не используются.	0
Языковое оформление высказывания	
Используемый словарный запас, грамматические структуры, фонетическое оформление высказывания соответствуют поставленной задаче (допускается не более двух негрубых лексико-грамматических ошибок И/ИЛИ не более двух негрубых фонетических ошибок).	2
Используемый словарный запас, грамматические структуры, фонетическое оформление высказывания в основном соответствуют поставленной задаче (допускается не более четырёх лексико-грамматических ошибок (из них не более двух грубых) ИЛИ/И не более четырёх фонетических ошибок (из них не более двух грубых).	1
Понимание высказывания затруднено из-за многочисленных лексико-грамматических и фонетических ошибок (пять и более лексико-грамматических ошибок И/ИЛИ пять и более фонетических ошибок) ИЛИ более двух грубых ошибок.	0
<i>Максимальное количество баллов</i>	
	7

*Примечание. При получении экзаменуемым 0 баллов по критерию «Решение коммуникативной задачи» всё задание оценивается в 0 баллов.

Study the two photographs. In 1.5 minutes be ready to compare and contrast the photographs:

- give a brief description of the photos (action, location)
- say what the pictures have in common
- say in what way the pictures are different
- say which of the seasons presented in the pictures you preferred as a child
- explain why

You will speak for not more than 2 minutes (12–15 sentences). You have to talk continuously.

Photo 1



Photo 2



Пояснение.

In the first picture we can see a young girl in a winter forest with a snowman she seems to have made. The second picture depicts another young girl on a summer plain with a several dozens of balloons.

A common feature of these pictures is that both have young girls that seem to enjoy themselves in them. However, they are different in the time and place they were taken: the first one was clearly shot in a park or a forest during winter or early spring, while the second seems to have been taken during summertime on a beautiful grassy plain.

I for myself have always loved summer the most, since in my childhood it meant spending three whole months with my beloved grandparents and two cousins. We were having ridiculous amounts of fun together back in those times. That is all I had to say.